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> Re: Local Law No. 2 of 2024 – Hotel Room Occupancy Tax Our File No.: 00254-7340301

Dear Sir/Madam:

Enclosed herein is Local Law No. 2 of the Year 2024 for the Town of Cornwall, Orange County, New York, entitled: A local law to amend the Town Code Chapter 132 entitled "Taxation" by adding a new Article VIII entitled "Hotel Room Occupancy Tax" for filing in your office.

May 6, 2024

Very truly yours,

STEPHEN J. GABA

SJG/ev/1252747 Enclosure cc: General Code Publishers – via email: <u>ezsupp@generalcode.com</u>

Local Law Filing

(Use this form to file a local law with the Secretary of State.)

Text of law should be given as amended. Do not include matter being eliminated and do not use italics or underlining to indicate new matter.

County (Select one:)	□City	⊠Town	Village			
of Cornwall						
Local Law I		2		of the year	20.24	
LOCALLAW	NO	2		of the year 2	2024	
A local law	to amend	the Town C	Code Chapter 132	entitled "Taxat	tion" by adding a	new Article VIII
	(Insert Title) entitled "Hotel Room Occupancy Tax."					
		Tour Doo				
Be it enacte	ed by the	Town Boa (Name of Legis				of the
County (Select one:)	City	⊠Town	Village			
of Cornwall						as follows:

(If additional space is needed, attach pages the same size as this sheet, and number each.)

TOWN OF CORNWALL

LOCAL LAW NO. 2 OF THE YEAR 2024

A local law to amend the Town Code Chapter 132 entitled "Taxation" by adding a new Article VIII entitled " Hotel Room Occupancy Tax."

Section 1. Purpose:

The purpose of this Local Law is to promote the public health, safety and welfare by amending Chapter 132 of the Town Code entitled "Taxation" to add a new Article VIII entitled "Hotel Room Occupancy Tax" which shall impose a tax of 5% upon the rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel or motel in the Town of Cornwall.

Section 2. Municipal Home Rule Law.

This Local Law is adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Municipal Home Rule Law of the State of New York and Article 16 of the Town Law of the State of New York. To the extent the provisions of this local law are in conflict with Town Law, the Town Board hereby asserts its intention to supersede Town Law pursuant to the Municipal Home Rule Law.

Section 3. Amendment of Code:

The Town of Cornwall Town Code is hereby amended to add to Chapter 132 entitled "Taxation" a new Article VIII entitled "Hotel Room Occupancy Tax" which shall read as follows:

"Article VIII Hotel Room Occupancy Tax

§132-1 Definitions.

For purposes of this article, the following definitions shall apply:

HOSTING COMPANY

An internet, application, technology, and/or similarly based service through which a third party desiring to offer lodging (a "host") and a third party desiring to book lodging (a "guest") for one or more nights have the opportunity to communicate, negotiate, and consummate a booking transaction for transient lodging accommodations pursuant to a direct agreement between a host and guest to which the hosting company is not a party but still facilitates and is entitled to receive payments for rent on behalf of or for the host. Merely publishing an advertisement for transient accommodations does not make the publisher a hosting company.

HOTEL or MOTEL

Any facility consisting of rentable units and providing lodging on an overnight basis and shall include those facilities designated and commonly known as "bedand-breakfast" and "tourist" facilities.

OCCUPANCY

The use or possession, or the right to the use or possession, of any room in a hotel.

OCCUPANT

A natural person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses or has the right to use or possess any room in a hotel under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement or otherwise.

OPERATOR

Any person operating a hotel or motel in the Town of Cornwall, including, but not limited to, an owner or proprietor of such premises, lessee, sublessee, mortgagee in possession, licensee or any other person otherwise operating such hotel or motel and entitled to be paid the rent.

PERMANENT RESIDENT

Any natural person occupying any room or rooms in a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.

PERSON

An individual, partnership, society, association, joint-stock company, corporation, estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee or any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise, or any combination of the foregoing.

RENT

The per diem rental rate or charge received for occupancy of each room, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, for the occupancy of a room in a hotel for any period of time.

RETURN

Any return filed or required to be filed as herein provided.

ROOM

Any room or rooms of any kind in any part or portion of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose other than a place of assembly.

SUPERVISOR

The Town Supervisor of the Town of Cornwall.

TOURIST FACILITY

Building, structure of other facility, which may ordinarily or originally be occupied for residential dwelling purposes, that contains or comprises a transient lodging rentable unit, including, but not limited to, "short term" or "vacation rental," or a location that is otherwise made available for transient lodging accommodation for rent directly by the owner or through an agent, operator or hosting company.

§ 132-2 Imposition of tax.

On and after the effective date of this article, there is hereby imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 5% upon the rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel or motel in this Town, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon a permanent resident, or as otherwise provided herein.

§ 132-3 Exempt organizations.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, any use or occupancy by any of the following shall not be subject to the tax imposed by this article.

(A.) The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another state or the Dominion of Canada), improvement district or other political subdivision of the state;

(B.) The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxation;

(C.) Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall include an organization operated for the primary purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in this section;

(D.) A permanent resident of a hotel or motel.

§ 132-4 Territorial limits.

The tax imposed by this article shall apply only within the territorial limits of the Town of Cornwall.

§ 132-5 Registration.

(A.) Within 10 days after the effective date of this article or, in the case of operators commencing business after such effective date, within three days after such commencement or opening, every operator shall file with the Supervisor a certificate of registration in a form prescribed by the Town Board. A hosting company may file a certificate of registration on behalf of multiple operators.

(B.) The Supervisor shall, within five days after such registration, issue without charge to each operator of hosting company a certificate of authority empowering such operator to collect the tax from the occupant and a duplicate thereof for each additional hotel of such operator. Each certificate or duplicate shall state the hotel to which it is applicable. Such certificate of authority shall be prominently displayed by the operator in such manner that it may be seen and come to the notice of all occupants and persons seeking occupancy. Such certificate shall be nonassignable and nontransferable and shall be surrendered immediately to the Supervisor upon the cessation of business at the hotel named or upon its sale or transfer.

§ 132-6 Administration and collection.

(A.) The tax imposed by this article shall be administered and collected by the Supervisor, or such other Town employee as he/she may designate, by such means and in such manner as are other taxes which are now collected and administered or as otherwise provided by this article.

(B.) The tax to be collected shall be stated and charged separately from the rent and shown separately on any record thereof, at the time when the occupancy is arranged or contracted for and charged for, and upon every evidence of occupancy or any bill or statement of charges made for said occupancy issued or delivered by the operator, and the tax shall be paid by the occupant to the operator as trustee for and on account of the Town, and the operator shall be liable for the collection thereof and for the tax. The operator and any officer of any corporate operator shall be personally liable for the tax collected or required to be collected under this article, and the operator shall have the same right in respect to collecting the tax from the occupant, or in respect to nonpayment of the tax by the occupant, as if the tax were part of the rent for the occupancy payable at the time such tax shall become due and owing, including all rights of eviction, dispossession, repossession and enforcement of any innkeeper's lien that he/she may have in the event of nonpayment of the rent by the occupant; provided, however, that the Supervisor or employees or agents duly designated by him/her shall be joined as a party in any action or proceeding brought by the operator to collect or enforce collection of the tax.

(C.) Notwithstanding anything to contrary, the Town may enter into a voluntary collection agreement with any hosting company that provides such agreement, which designates the hosting company as solely responsible and liable for collecting and remitting the applicable tax to the Town (the collector) for booking transactions completed through the respective hosting company for hotels located within the Town; and the host or operator of the hotel who is not the collector hosting company shall not be responsible for collecting and remitting the tax to the Town on any transaction for which it has received confirmation that the hosting company has collected the aforementioned tax and remitted it back to the Town pursuant to a voluntary collection agreement; otherwise, operators or hosts of hotels and motels shall be liable for the collection and remittance of the tax if no such voluntary collection agreement between a hosting company and the Town has been executed. For the sole purposes of tax registration, collection, and remittance under this article, a hosting company that enters into a voluntary collections agreement with the Town pursuant to this section shall assume and be limited to the duties of hotel/motel operator for only those booking transactions completed through the respective hosting company and pursuant to the terms of an executed voluntary collection agreement, through which the hosting company shall collect and remit to the Town its respective portion of the tax.

(D.) Whenever the Town Supervisor deems it necessary for the proper enforcement of this article, the Supervisor may provide by regulation that the occupant shall file returns and pay directly to the Supervisor the tax imposed at such times as returns are required to be filed and payment made over by the operator.

(E.) The tax imposed by this article shall be paid upon any occupancy on and after the effective date of this article, although such occupancy is had pursuant to a contract, lease or other arrangement made prior to such date. Where rent is paid or charged or billed or falls due on either a weekly, monthly or other term basis, the rent so paid, charged, billed or falling due shall be subject to the tax herein imposed to the extent that it covers any portion of the period on and after the

effective date of this article. Where any tax has been paid hereunder upon any rent which has been ascertained to be worthless, the Supervisor may, by regulation, provide for credit and/or refund of the amount of such tax upon application therefor as provided in § 166-40 of this article.

(F.) For the purpose of the proper administration of this article and to prevent evasion of the tax hereby imposed, it shall be presumed that all rents are subject to tax until the contrary is established, and the burden of proving that a rent for occupancy is not taxable hereunder shall be upon the operator or occupant. Where an occupant claims exemption from the tax under the provisions of § 166-31 of this article, the rent shall be deemed taxable hereunder unless:

- (1) The operator shall receive from the occupant claiming such exemption a copy of a New York state sales tax exemption certificate; or
- (2) Unless the operator shall receive from the occupant claiming such exemption a certificate duly executed by an exempt corporation or association certifying that the occupant, is its agent, representative, or employee, together with a certificate executed by the occupant that the occupancy is paid or to be paid by such exempt corporation or association, and is necessary or required in the course of or in connection with the occupant's duties as a representative of such corporation or association.

§ 132-7 Records to be kept.

Every operator shall keep records of every occupancy and of all rent paid, charged or due thereon and of the tax payable thereon, in such form as the Supervisor may by regulation require. Such records shall be available for inspection and examination at any time upon demand by the Supervisor or his/her duly authorized agent or employee and shall be preserved for a period of three years, except that the Supervisor may consent to their destruction within that period or may require that they be kept together.

§ 132-8 Returns.

(A.) Every operator shall file with the Supervisor or his designee a return of occupancy and of rents and of the taxes payable thereon for the three-month periods ending the last day of March, June, September and December on and after the effective date of this article. Such returns shall be filed within 20 days from the expiration of the period covered thereby. A hosting company may file a return on behalf of multiple participating host operators. The Town Board may permit or

require returns to be made for other periods upon such dates as it may specify. If the Town Board deems it necessary in order to ensure the payment of the tax imposed by this article, it may require returns to be made for shorter periods than those prescribed pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section and upon such dates as it may specify.

(B.) The forms of return shall be prescribed by the Town Board and shall contain such information as it may deem necessary for the proper administration of this article. The Supervisor may require amended returns to be filed within 20 days after notice and to contain the information specified in the notice.

(C.) If a return required by this article is not filed, or if a return is incorrectly filed or is insufficient on its face, the Supervisor shall take such steps as he/she deems necessary to enforce the filing of such return or of a corrected return.

§ 132-9 Payment of tax.

At the time of filing a return of occupancy and of rents each operator shall pay to the Supervisor or his authorized designee the taxes imposed by this article upon the rents required to be included in such return, as well as all other moneys collected by the operator acting or purporting to act under the provisions of this article even though it be judicially determined that the tax collected is invalidly required to be filed, it shall be due from the operator and payable to the Supervisor on the date prescribed herein for the filing of the return for such period, without regard to whether a return is filed or whether the return which is filed correctly shows the amount of rents and taxes due thereon. A host company may make a voluntary payment on behalf of multiple participating host operators. Where the Supervisor in his/her discretion deems it necessary to protect revenues to be obtained under this article, he/she may require any operator required to collect the tax imposed by this article to file with him/her a bond, issued by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and approved by the Superintendent of Insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, in such amount as the Supervisor may find to secure the payment of any tax and/or penalties and interest due or which may become due from such operator. In the event that the Supervisor determines that an operator is to file such bonds, he/she shall give notice to such operator to that effect, specifying the amount of the bond required. The operator shall file such bond within five days after the giving of such notice unless, within such five days, the operator shall request, in writing, a hearing before the Supervisor at which the necessity, propriety and amount of the bond shall be determined by the Supervisor. Such determination shall be final and shall be complied with within 15 days after the giving of notices thereof. In lieu of such bond, securities approved by the Supervisor or cash in such amount as he/she

may prescribe may be deposited with him/her, which shall be kept in the custody of the Supervisor, who may at any time, without notice of the depositor, apply them to any tax and/or interest or penalties due, and for that purpose the securities may be sold by him/her at public or private sale without notice to the depositor thereof.

§ 132-10 Determination of tax.

Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules if application therefor is made to the Supreme Court within 30 days after the giving of the notice of such final determination; provided, however, that any such proceeding under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules shall not be instituted unless:

(A.) The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law shall be first deposited and there is filed an undertaking, issued by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and approved by the Superintendent of Insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a Justice of the Supreme Court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or

(B.) At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition precedent to the application.

§ 132-11 Disposition of revenues.

All revenue resulting from the imposition of the tax under this article shall be paid into the treasury of the Town and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of the Town. Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose.

§ 132-12 Refunds.

(A.) In the manner provided in this section, the Supervisor shall refund or credit, without interest, any tax penalty or interest erroneously, illegally or unconstitutionally collected or paid if application to the Supervisor for such refund shall be made within one year from the payment thereof. Whenever a

refund is made by the Supervisor, he/she shall state his/her reason therefor, in writing. Such application may be made by the occupant, operator, host company or other person who has actually paid the tax. Such application may also be made by an operator who has collected and paid over such tax to the Supervisor, provided that the application is made within one year of the payment to the operator, but no actual refund of moneys shall be made to such operator until it shall first establish to the satisfaction of the Supervisor, under such regulations as the Supervisor may prescribe, that it has repaid to the occupant, or other person who has actually paid the tax, the amount for which the application for refund is made. The Supervisor may, in lieu of any refund required to be made, allow credit therefor on payments due or to become due from the applicant.

(B.) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund thereof duly made to the Supervisor, and such Supervisor shall have made a determination denying such refund, such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules; provided, however, that such proceeding is instituted within 30 days after the giving of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the Supervisor in such amount and with such sureties as a Justice of the Supreme Court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding.

(C.) A person shall not be entitled to a revision, refund or credit of a tax, interest or penalty which had been determined to be due pursuant to the provisions of § 166-43 of this article where it has had a hearing or an opportunity for a hearing, as provided in said section, or has failed to avail itself of the remedies therein provided. No refund or credit shall be made of a tax, interest or penalty paid after a determination by the Supervisor made pursuant to § 166-43 of this article unless it be found that such determination was erroneous, illegal or unconstitutional or otherwise improper by the Supervisor after a hearing or on his/her own motion or in a proceeding under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules, pursuant to the provisions of said section, in which event refund or credit without interest shall be made of the tax, interest or penalty found to have been overpaid.

§ 132-13 Reserves.

In cases where the occupant or operator has applied for a refund and has instituted a proceeding under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules to review a determination adverse to him/her on his/her application for refund, the Supervisor shall have the option of crediting future tax payments to meet the cost of any settlements or judgments or, at his/her option, may, in the first instance, set up appropriate reserves to meet any decision adverse to the Town.

§ 132-14 Remedies exclusive.

The remedies provided by § 166-38 and § 166-40 of this article shall be the exclusive remedies available to any person for the review of tax liability imposed by this article, and no determination or proposed determination of tax or determination on any application for refund shall be enjoined or reviewed by an action for declaratory judgment, an action for money had and received or by any action or proceeding other than a proceeding in a nature of a certiorari proceeding under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules; provided, however, that a taxpayer may proceed by declaratory judgment if he/she institutes suit within 30 days after a deficiency assessment is made and pays the amount of the deficiency assessment to the Supervisor prior to the institution of such suit and posts a bond for costs as provided in § 166-37 of this article.

§ 132-15 Penalties and interest.

(A.) Any person failing to file a return or to pay or pay over any tax to the Supervisor within the time required by this article shall be subject to a penalty of 5% of the amount of tax due plus interest at the rate of 1% of such tax for each month of delay excepting the first month after such return was required to be filed or such tax became due. Such penalties and interest shall be paid and disposed of in the same manner as other revenues from this article. Unpaid penalties and interest may be enforced in the same manner as the tax imposed by this article.

(B.) Any operator or occupant and any officer of an operator or occupant failing to file a return required by this article, or filing or causing to be filed or making or causing to be made or giving or causing to be given any return, certificate, affidavit, representation, information, testimony or statement required or authorized by this article which is willfully false, and any operator and any officer of a corporate operator willfully failing to file a bond required to be filed pursuant to § 166-37 of this article, or failing to file a registration certificate and such data in connection therewith as the Supervisor may by regulation or otherwise require, or failing to display or surrender the certificate of authority as required by this article or assigning or transferring such certificate of authority; and any operator or any officer of a corporate operator willfully failing to charge separately from the rent the tax herein imposed or willfully failing to state such tax separately on any evidence of occupancy and on any bill or statement or receipt of rent issued or employed by the operator or willfully failing or refusing

to collect such tax from the occupant; any operator or any officer of a corporate operator who shall refer cause reference to be made to this tax in a form or manner other than that required by this article, and any such person or operator failing to keep records required by this article, shall, in addition to the penalties herein or elsewhere prescribed, be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000, imprisonment for not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment. Officers of a corporate operator shall be personally liable for the tax collected or required to be collected by such corporation under this article and penalties and interest thereon and subject to the fines and imprisonment herein authorized.

(C.) The certificate of the Supervisor to the effect that a tax has not been paid, that a return, bond or registration certificate has not been filed or that information has not been supplied pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be presumptive evidence thereof.

§ 132-16 Returns to be confidential.

It shall be unlawful, except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided to the fullest extent permitted by law, for the Supervisor or employee or designee of the Supervisor to divulge or make known in any manner the rents or other information relating to the business of a taxpayer contained in any return required under this article. The officers charged with the custody of such returns shall not be required to produce any of them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except on behalf of the Supervisor in an action or proceeding under the provisions of this article or on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under the provisions of this article when the returns or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceeding, in either of which events the court may require the production of, and may admit in evidence, so much of said returns or of the facts shown thereby as are pertinent to the action or proceeding and no more. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the delivery to a taxpayer or his/her duly authorized representative of a certified copy of any return filed in connection with his/her tax nor to prohibit the publication of statistics so classified to prevent the identification of particular returns and items thereof or the inspection by the Town Attorney or other legal representatives of the Town or by the District Attorney of any county of the return of any taxpayer who shall bring action to set aside or review the tax based thereon, or against whom an action or proceeding has been instituted for the collection of a tax or penalty. Returns shall be preserved for three years and thereafter, until the Supervisor permits them to be destroyed.

§ 132-17 Notices and limitations of time.

(A.) Any notice authorized or required under the provisions of this article may be given to the person to whom it is intended in a postpaid envelope addressed to such person at the address given in the last return filed by him/her pursuant to the provisions of this article or in any application made by him/her or, if no return has been filed or application made, then to such address as may be obtainable. The mailing of such notice shall be presumptive evidence of the receipt of the same by the person to who addressed. Any period of time which is determined according to the provisions of this article by the giving of notice shall commence five days after the date of mailing of such notice.

(B.) The provisions of the Civil Practice Law and Rules or any other law relative to limitations of time for the enforcement of a civil remedy shall not apply to any proceeding or action taken by the Town to levy, appraise, assess, determine or enforce the collection of any tax or penalty provided by this article. However, except in the case of a willfully false, fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made after the expiration of more than three years from the date of filing of a return; provided, however, that where no return has been filed as provided by law, the tax may be assessed at any time.

(C.) Where, before expiration of the period prescribed herein for the assessment of an additional tax, a taxpayer has consented, in writing, that such period be extended, the amount of such additional tax due may be determined at any time within such extended period. The period so extended may be further extended by subsequent consents in writing made before the expiration of the extended period.

§ 132-18 Proceedings to recover tax.

Whenever any operator, any officer of a corporate operator, any occupant, or other person fails to collect and pay over any tax and/or penalty or interest as imposed by this article, the Town Attorney shall, at the request of the Town Board, bring or cause to be brought an action to enforce the payment of the same on behalf of the Town in any court of the State of New York or of any other state or of the United States. If, however, the Supervisor believes that any such operator, officer, occupant, or other person is about to cease business, leave the state, or remove or dissipate the assets out of which the tax or penalties might be satisfied, and that any such tax or penalty will not be paid when due, such tax or penalty may be declared to be immediately due and payable, and the Supervisor may issue a warrant immediately.

§ 132-19 General powers of Supervisor.

In addition to the powers granted in this article, the Supervisor is hereby authorized and empowered to:

(A.) Extend for cause shown, the time of filing any return for a period not exceeding 30 days; and for cause shown, to remit penalties, but not interest; and to compromise disputed claims in connection with the taxes hereby imposed;

(B.) Request information from the Tax Commission of the State of New York or the Treasury Department of the United States relative to any person; and to afford information to such Tax Commission or Treasury Department relative to any person, notwithstanding any other provision of this article;

(C.) Delegate functions hereunder to any employee of the Town;

(D.) Enter into intermunicipal agreements on behalf of the Town for the performance of functions by another governmental entity;

(E.) Enter into agreements with hosting companies for the reporting, collection and remittance of the tax provided for herein on behalf of participating hosts;

(F.) Prescribe methods for confirming the rents for occupancy and to confirm the accuracy of information on the taxable and nontaxable rents;

(G.) Require any operator within the Town, if it is determined that adequate records are not being maintained, to keep detailed records of the nature and type of hotel maintained; nature and type of service rendered; number of rooms available and occupied; daily leases, occupancy contracts or arrangements; rents received, charged, and accrued; the names and addresses of the occupants; whether or not any occupancy is claimed to be subject to the tax imposed by this article; and to furnish such information at the request of the Supervisor;

(H.) Impose as a penalty upon any operator within the Town any necessary costs of auditing services generated by discrepancies discovered upon audit, in the records of the operator; and

(I.) Make, adopt, and amend such other rules and regulations appropriate to the carrying out of this article and the purposes thereof as may be approved by the Town of Cornwall Town Board.

§ 132-20 Administration of oaths; compelling testimony.

(A.) The Supervisor or employees or agent(s) duly designated and authorized shall have the power to administer oaths and take affidavits in relation to any

matter or proceeding in the exercise of their powers and duties under this article. The Supervisor shall have power to subpoena and require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and documents to secure information pertinent to the performance of the duties hereunder in the enforcement of this article, and to examine them in relation thereto. The Supervisor shall also have the power to issue commissions for the examination of witnesses who are out of the state, unable to attend, or who are excused from attendance.

(B.) A Supreme Court Justice, either in court or in chambers, shall have the power to summarily enforce by proper proceedings the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production and examination of books, papers, and documents called for by the subpoena of the Supervisor under this article.

(C.) Any subpoenaed person who refuses to testify or produce books or records, or who testifies falsely in any material matter pending before the Supervisor under this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishment for which shall be a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

(D.) The officers who serve the summons or subpoena of the Supervisor and witnesses attending in response thereto shall be entitled to the same fees as are allowed to officers and witnesses in civil cases in courts of record, except as herein provided otherwise. Such officers shall be Town of Cornwall police officers, or any officers or employees of the Town designated by the Supervisor to serve such process.

§ 132-21 Accounting and reporting of tax.

From time to time, but no less than quarterly each year, the Supervisor shall provide a report to the Town Board, for its audit and review, of all actions taken pursuant to this article. The Supervisor's report shall contain a list of all certificates of registration filed or issued to any operator in the Town or hosting company, and for each operator shall state the returns filed for all operators and hosting companies; the returns that have not been timely filed by any operator or hosting company; the amount of tax determined to be payable by any operator or hosting company; the tax paid and collected from any operator or hosting company, and any enforcement action taken to collect any tax due under this article."

Section 4. Severability:

If any part or provision of this local law or the application thereof to any person or circumstance be adjudged invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall be confined in its operation to the part or provision or application directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered and shall not affect or impair the validity of the remainder of this local law or the application thereof to other persons or circumstances, and the Town Board of the Town of Cornwall hereby declares that it would have passed this local law or the remainder thereof had such invalid application or invalid provision been apparent.

Section 5. Effective Date:

This Local Law shall become effective upon filing with the Secretary of State of the State of New York subsequent to having been duly adopted by the Town Board.

(Complete the certification in the paragraph that applies to the filing of this local law and strike out that which is not applicable.)

1. (Final adoption by local legislative body only.) I hereby certify that the local law annexed hereto, designated as local law No	2			of 2024	of
Town Board on April 9,	2024	. in accor	dance with 1	the applic	able
(Name of Legislative Body)		_/			
provisions of law.					
 2. (Passage by local legislative body with approval, no disapproval or re Chief Executive Officer*.) I hereby certify that the local law annexed hereto, designated as local law No. 	epassage	e after disa		the Elect	
the (County)(City)(Town)(Village) of					
on	20	and wa	is (approved	d)(not app	ine proved)
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(Name of Legislative Body)		-,	((
(repassed after disapproval) by the		on _		20	
Such local law was submitted to the people by reason of a (mandatory)(permiss vote of a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon at the (general)(specia					
20, in accordance with the applicable provisions of law.					
 (Subject to permissive referendum and final adoption because no vali I hereby certify that the local law annexed hereto, designated as local law No. 					dum.)
the (County)(City)(Town)(Village) of			was duly i	passed by	y the
(Name of Legislative Body) on	_20	₌, and was	(approved)((not appro	oved)
(repassed after disapproval) by the	on	<u></u>	20	Such	local
law was subject to permissive referendum and no valid petition requesting such					
20, in accordance with the applicable provisions of law.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

* Elective Chief Executive Officer means or includes the chief executive officer of a county elected on a county-wide basis or, if there be none, the chairperson of the county legislative body, the mayor of a city or village, or the supervisor of a town where such officer is vested with the power to approve or veto local laws or ordinances.

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5. (City local law concerning Charter revi	sion proposed by petition.)		
I hereby certify that the local law annexed her	eto, designated as local law No)	of 20 of
the City of having	been submitted to referendum	pursuant to the provisions of see	ction (36)(37) of
the Municipal Home Rule Law, and having re-	ceived the affirmative vote of a r	majority of the qualified electors	of such city voting
thereon at the (special)(general) election held	on 20	, became operative.	

6. (County local law concerning adoption of Charter.)

I hereby certify that the local law annexed hereto, designated as local law No.________ of 20______ of the County of _______ State of New York, having been submitted to the electors at the General Election of November _______ 20_____, pursuant to subdivisions 5 and 7 of section 33 of the Municipal Home Rule Law, and having received the affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified electors of the cities of said county as a unit and a majority of the qualified electors of the towns of said county considered as a unit voting at said general election, became operative.

(If any other authorized form of final adoption has been followed, please provide an appropriate certification.) I further certify that I have compared the preceding local law with the original on file in this office and that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original local law, and was finally adopted in the manner indicated in paragraph $\frac{1}{2}$ above.

Date:

Cleff of the county legislative body, City, Town or Village Clerk or officer designated by local legislative body

Jennifer McCormick

(Seal)