

ORDINANCE 2024-05

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL AND RECREATE A SECTION OF THE MUNICIPAL CODE OF THE VILLAGE OF HOBART, BROWN COUNTY, WISCONSIN, SPECIFICALLY SECTION 342 (CONDITIONAL USES) OF ARTICLE XXXI (ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT) OF CHAPTER 295 (ZONING)

Purpose: The purpose of this Ordinance is to provide more detailed information on the process and what is expected from the applicant during the Conditional Use Permit submittal and review process. It also creates more standardized conditions utilized during the review process.

The Village Board of the Village of Hobart, Brown County, Wisconsin, does ordain as follows:

Section 1: Section 342 (Conditional Uses) of Article XXXI (Administration and Enforcement) of Chapter 295 (Zoning), of the Code of the Village of Hobart, is hereby repealed and recreated to read as follows:

§ 295-342. Conditional uses.

A. Purpose of conditional uses. The purpose of a conditional use is to provide a reasonable degree of discretion in determining the suitability of certain uses of a special nature, so as to make impractical their predetermination as a principal use in a district. The development and execution of this article is based upon the division of the Village of Hobart into zoning districts, within which districts the use of land and buildings, and bulk and location of buildings and structures in relation to the land, are mutually compatible and substantially uniform. However, there are certain uses which, because of their unique characteristics, cannot be properly classified as unrestricted permitted uses in any particular district or districts without consideration, in each case, of the impact of those uses upon neighboring land or public facilities and of the public need for the particular use at a specific location. Such uses, nevertheless, may be necessary or desirable to be allowed in a particular district, provided that due consideration is given to location, development and operation of such uses. Such uses are classified as conditional uses and are those uses specifically designated as conditional uses by the zoning district or which are classified as a conditional use under the review procedures in this article. The listing of a use as a conditional use is not a legislative determination that the use is inherently in the public interest in that district. [See All Energy Corp. v. Trempealeau County, 2017 WI 52 (2017)]

- B. Authority of Planning and Zoning Commission and Village Board; requirements.
 - (1) Authority; intent. The Village Board may authorize the Zoning Administrator to issue a conditional use permit after review, public hearing, advisory recommendation from the Planning and Zoning Commission and approval from the Village Board, provided that such conditional use and involved structure(s) are found to be in accordance with the purpose and intent of this chapter and are further found to be not hazardous, harmful, offensive or otherwise adverse to the environment or the value of the neighborhood or the community. Such Village Board action, and the resulting conditional use permit, shall specify the period of time for which effective, if specified; the name of the permittee; the location and legal description of the affected premises.

Prior to the granting of a conditional use, the Village Board shall make findings based upon the evidence presented that the standards herein prescribed are being complied with.

- (2) General authority to require conditions. Per section 295-342 I., conditions such as landscaping, architectural design, type of construction, construction commencement and completion dates, sureties, lighting, fencing, planting screens, operation control, hours of operation, improved traffic circulation, deed restrictions, highway access restrictions, increased yards or parking requirements may be recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission and required by the Village Board upon their finding that these are necessary to fulfill the purpose and intent of this chapter.
- (3) Compliance with other zoning conditions. Compliance with all other provisions of this chapter, such as lot width and area, yards, height, parking, loading, traffic, highway access and performance standards, shall be required of all conditional uses.
- C. Initiation of conditional use request. Any person, firm, corporation or organization having a freehold interest or a possessory interest entitled to exclusive possession, or a contractual interest which may become a freehold interest or an exclusive possessory interest, and which is specifically enforceable in the land for which a conditional use permit is sought, may file an application to use such land for one or more of the conditional uses provided for in this article in the zoning district in which such land is located, or for a conditional use substantially similar to a listed conditional use.
- D. Application for conditional use.
 - (1) Application filing requirements. An application for a conditional use permit, accompanied by the application fee prescribed by the Village Board, shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Village. Such applications shall be forwarded to the Planning and Zoning Commission upon receipt by the Zoning Administrator or Village Clerk.
 - (2) Required plans/information. The plans/information required for review of all conditional use permit applications shall generally consist of any or all of the following, as required by the Zoning Administrator:
 - (a) Site development plan. A site development plan, which shall include and address:
 - 1. Location of all buildings on lots, including both existing and proposed structures.
 - 2. Location and number of existing and proposed parking spaces.
 - Vehicular circulation.
 - (b) Dimension plan. A dimension plan, which shall include and address:
 - 1. Lot dimensions and area.
 - 2. Dimensions of proposed and existing structures.
 - 3. Setbacks of all buildings located on property in question.

- 4. Architectural elevations.
- (c) Grading plan. A grading plan, which shall include and address:
 - 1. Existing contour.
 - 2. Proposed changes in contour.
 - 3. Drainage configuration.
- (d) Landscape plan. A landscape plan, which shall include and address:
 - 1. Location of all existing major trees, and which trees are proposed to be removed.
- (e) Statement. A written statement on why the conditional use is being applied for and what use is intended for the property.
- (3) Additional information. In order to secure information upon which to base its determination, the Zoning Administrator may require the applicant to furnish, in addition to the information required above and for a building permit, the following information:
 - (a) Contours; soil types. A plan of the area showing contours, soil types, high-water mark, groundwater conditions, bedrock, slope and vegetation cover.
 - (b) Location of buildings; parking areas. Location of buildings, parking areas, traffic access, driveways, walkways, open spaces, landscaping and lighting.
 - (c) Building and utilities plans. Plans for buildings, sewage disposal facilities, water supply systems and arrangements of operations.
 - (d) Filling/Grading plan. Specifications for areas of proposed filling, grading, or dredging.
 - (e) Other information. Other pertinent information necessary to determine if the proposed use meets the requirements of this chapter.
- E. Planning and Zoning Commission review. Upon receipt of the application and the information required by section 295-342 D. above, the request for a conditional use permit shall be placed on the agenda of the first Planning and Zoning Commission meeting occurring after 10 days from the date of submission. The request shall be considered as being officially submitted when all the information requirements, including the payment of all applicable fees, are complied with. At such meeting, the Planning and Zoning Commission shall make an advisory recommendation regarding the application, and a record of the proceedings shall be kept in such a manner and according to such procedures as the Planning and Zoning Commission shall prescribe from time to time. The Village Board and/or Planning and Zoning Commission can, on its own motion, apply conditional uses when applications for rezonings come before their bodies.
- F. Public hearing on application; notice.

- (1) Hearing requirements. A public hearing shall be held on all conditional use permit applications. The public hearing shall be held by the Village Board. Due notice of the hearing shall be given to parties interested, as well as owners of property located within 100 feet of the property requesting the conditional use.
- (2) Incomplete notice. Failure to fully comply with the notice to adjacent property owners shall not, however, invalidate any previous or subsequent action on the application.
- G. Standards and considerations for conditional uses.
 - (1) Standards. No application for a conditional use shall be recommended for approval by the Planning and Zoning Commission, or approved by the Village Board, unless the following conditions are present:
 - (a) That the applicant has demonstrated that the application and all requirements and conditions established by the Village relating to the conditional use are or shall be satisfied, both of which must be supported by substantial evidence. Per § 62.23(7) (de)b, Wis. Stats., "substantial evidence" means facts and information, other than merely personal preferences or speculation, directly pertaining to the requirements and conditions an applicant must meet to obtain a conditional use permit and that reasonable persons would accept in support of a conclusion.
 - (b) That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the conditional use will not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort or general welfare.
 - (c) That the uses, values, and enjoyment of other property in the neighborhood for purposes already permitted shall be in no foreseeable manner substantially impaired or diminished by the establishment, maintenance or operation of the conditional use.
 - (d) That the establishment of the conditional use will not impede the normal and orderly use, development and improvement of the surrounding property for uses permitted in the district.
 - (e) That adequate utilities, access roads, drainage and other necessary site improvements have been or are being provided.
 - (f) That adequate measures have been or will be taken to provide ingress and egress so designed as to minimize traffic congestion in the public streets.
 - (g) That the conditional use shall conform to all applicable regulations of the district in which it is located.
 - (h) That the proposed use does not violate floodplain regulations governing the site.
 - (i) That adequate measures have been or will be taken to prevent and control water pollution, including sedimentation, erosion and runoff.
 - (2) Application of standards. When applying the above standards to any new construction of a building or an addition to an existing building, the Village Board and Planning and Zoning

Commission shall bear in mind the statement of purpose for the zoning district such that the proposed building or addition at its location does not defeat the purposes and objective of the zoning district and the Village Comprehensive Plan.

- (3) Additional considerations. In addition, in passing upon a conditional use permit application, the Planning and Zoning Commission and Village Board shall also evaluate the effect of the proposed use upon:
 - (a) The maintenance of safe and healthy conditions.
 - (b) The prevention and control of water pollution, including sedimentation.
 - (c) Existing topographic and drainage features and vegetative cover on the site.
 - (d) The location of the site with respect to floodplains and floodways of rivers and streams.
 - (e) The erosion potential of the site based upon degree and direction of slope, soil type and vegetative cover.
 - (f) The location of the site with respect to existing or future access roads.
 - (g) The need of the proposed use for a shoreland location.
 - (h) Its compatibility with uses on adjacent land.
 - (i) The amount of liquid waste to be generated and the adequacy of the proposed disposal systems.
- H. Denial of application for conditional use permit. When an advisory recommendation of denial of a conditional use application is made by the Planning and Zoning Commission or an actual denial by the Village Board, the Planning and Zoning Commission and/or Village Board shall furnish the applicant, in writing, those standards that are not met and enumerate reasons the Planning and Zoning Commission and/or Village Board has used in determining that each standard was not met. Such findings may be in the form of meeting minutes.
- I. Conditions and guarantees applicable to all conditional uses. The following conditions shall apply to all conditional uses:
 - (1) Conditions. Prior to the granting of any conditional use, the Planning and Zoning Commission may recommend and the Village Board may stipulate such conditions and restrictions upon the establishment, location, construction, maintenance and operation of the conditional use as deemed necessary to promote the public health, safety and general welfare of the community, and to secure compliance with the standards and requirements specified in section 295-342 G. above. Any condition imposed must be related to the purpose of the zoning code and be based on substantial evidence. In all cases in which conditional uses are granted, the Planning and Zoning Commission may recommend, and the Village Board shall require such evidence and guarantees as deemed necessary as proof that the conditions stipulated in

connection therewith are being and will be complied with. Such conditions may include specifications for, without limitation because of specific enumeration:

(a) Landscaping;
(b) Type of construction;
(c) Construction commencement and completion dates;
(d) Sureties;
(e) Lighting;
(f) Fencing;
(g) Operational control;
(h) Hours of operation;
(i) Traffic circulation;
(j) Deed restrictions;
(k) Access restrictions;
(I) Setbacks and yards;
(m) Type of shore cover;
(n) Specified sewage disposal and water supply systems;
(o) Planting screens;
(p) Increased parking;
(q) Conditions pertaining to permit duration, transfer or renewal; or
(r) Any other requirements necessary to fulfill the purpose and intent of this chapter.
(2) Site review. In reviewing each application and making its recommendation, the Planning and Zoning Commission shall evaluate each application and may request assistance from any source and or committee which can provide technical assistance. The Planning and Zoning Commission may review the site, existing and proposed structures, architectural plans,

(3) Signage. Signage shall be in compliance with municipal sign regulations.

circulation, drainage, sewerage and water systems and the proposed operation/use.

neighboring uses, parking areas, driveway locations, highway access, traffic generation and

- (4) Alteration of conditional use. No alteration of a conditional use shall be permitted unless first approved by the Village Board.
- (5) Architectural treatment. Proposed architectural treatment will be in general harmony with surrounding uses and the landscape. To this end, the Village Board may require the use of certain general types of exterior construction materials and/or architectural treatment.
- (6) Sloped sites; unsuitable soils. Where slopes exceed 6% and/or where a use is proposed to be located on areas indicated as having soils that are unsuitable or marginal for development, on-site soil tests and/or construction plans shall be provided that clearly indicate that the soil conditions are adequate to accommodate the development contemplated and/or that any inherent soil condition or slope problems will be overcome by special construction techniques. Such special construction might include, among other techniques, terracing, retaining walls, oversized foundations and footings, drain tile, etc.
- (7) Conditional uses to comply with other requirements. Conditional uses shall comply with all other provisions of this chapter such as lot width and area, yards, height, parking and loading. No conditional use permit shall be granted where the proposed use is deemed to be inconsistent or conflicting with neighboring uses for reasons of smoke, dust, odors, noise, vibration, lighting, health hazards or significant potential of accidents.
- J. Planning and Zoning Commission recommendation; Village Board action.
 - (1) Planning and Zoning Commission advisory recommendation.
 - (a) Following referral of conditional use permit applications, the Planning and Zoning Commission may recommend that the Village Board authorize the Zoning Administrator to issue a conditional use permit for conditional uses specified in this chapter following their review, provided such uses are in accordance with the purpose and intent of this chapter, and, more specifically, the standards for conditional uses established in this article.
 - (b) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall make findings of fact and recommend such actions or conditions relating to the request as the Committee deems necessary to carry out the intent and purpose of this chapter.
 - (2) Village Board action.
 - (3) Upon receiving the recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission, the Village Board shall set the public hearing and place such recommendation(s) on the agenda for the next subsequent Board regular meeting following the scheduling of the public hearing. Such recommendations, including findings of standards not met as required by section 295-342 I., shall be entered in and made part of the permanent written record of the Village Board. The Village Board shall make, and record in the minutes of the Board or in a separate statement/report, findings of fact and may impose and require any conditions the Village Board considers necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare when approving and issuing a conditional use permit. The Village Board's decision to approve or deny the permit must be supported by substantial evidence.

- (4) If, upon receiving the recommendations of the Planning and Zoning Commission, the Village Board finds that specific inconsistencies exist in the review process or significant new facts have now been made available and thus the final determination of the Village Board will differ from the advisory recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission, the Village Board shall, before taking final action, refer the matter back to the Planning and Zoning Commission with the written record or separate statement/report explaining the specific reasons for referral. This referral action shall only be permitted one time with each conditional use permit application.
- (5) Reapplication. No application for a conditional use permit which has been denied in whole or in part by the Village Board shall be resubmitted for a period of one year from the date of such denial, except on the grounds that substantial new evidence or proof of changes that would result in compliance with applicable conditions is included in the resubmitted application.

K. Validity of conditional use permit.

- (1) Where the Village Board has approved or conditionally approved an application for a conditional use permit, such approval shall become null and void within 18 months of the date of the approval unless the Village Board has specified a different time line in its approval or the use is commenced, construction is underway or the current owner possesses a valid building permit under which construction is commenced within six months of the date of issuance and which shall not be renewed unless construction has commenced and is being diligently prosecuted.
- (2) A conditional use permit shall remain in effect as long as the conditions upon which the permit was issued are followed, but the Village may impose conditions such as, but not limited to, permit duration, transfer or renewal, in addition to any other conditions specified in granting the conditional use permit.
- (3) The Village Board may extend such permit for a period of 90 days for justifiable cause if the conditional use permit included a permit duration condition, if application is made to the Village Board at least 30 days before the expiration of said permit.
- L. Complaints regarding conditional uses. The Village Board shall retain continuing jurisdiction over all conditional uses for the purpose of resolving complaints against all previously approved conditional uses. Such authority shall be in addition to the enforcement authority of the Zoning Administrator to order the removal or discontinuance of any unauthorized alterations of an approved conditional use, and the elimination, removal or discontinuance of any violation of a condition imposed prior to or after approval or violation of any other provision of this code. Upon written complaint by any citizen or official, the Village Board shall initially determine whether said complaint indicates a reasonable probability that the subject conditional use is in violation of either one or more of the standards set forth in section 295-342 G. above, a condition of approval or other requirement imposed hereunder. Upon reaching a positive initial determination, a hearing shall be held upon notice as provided in section 295-342 J. above. Any person may appear at such hearing and testify in person or be represented by an agent or attorney. The Village Board may, in order to bring the subject conditional use into compliance with the standards set forth in 295-342 G. or conditions previously imposed by the Village Board, modify existing conditions upon such use and impose additional reasonable conditions upon the subject conditional use as provided in section 295-342 J. Additionally, the offending party may be subjected to a forfeiture as set forth in this chapter and § 1-3, Penalties, of the Village Code. In the event that no reasonable modification of such conditional use can be made in order to assure that standards in 295-342 G. will be met, the Village Board may

revoke the subject conditional approval and direct the Zoning Administrator and the Village Attorney to seek elimination of the subject use. Following any such hearing, the decision of the Village Board shall be furnished to the current owner of the conditional use in writing stating the reasons therefore. An appeal from a decision of the Village Board under this section may be taken to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

M. Consistency with Comprehensive Plan. Pursuant to § 66.1001(2m) (b), Wis. Stats., a conditional use permit that may be issued by the Village of Hobart does not need to be consistent with the Village Comprehensive Plan.

N. Appeals. Any action of the Village Board in granting or denying a conditional use permit application may be appealed to the Zoning Board of Appeals. In the alternative, any action of the Village Board in denying a conditional use permit application may be appealed directly to Circuit Court per § 62.23(7)(e)10., Wis. Stats. In the case of appeals to the Zoning Board of Appeals, a written request shall be made within 10 days after the date of the Village Board's action granting or denying the permit. Such request for appeal to the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be filed and reviewed pursuant to the procedures in section 295-340 of this chapter.

<u>Section 2:</u> Any Ordinance or parts thereof, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

<u>Section 3.</u> This Ordinance shall be effective from and after its passage by the Village Board and publication as required by law.

Passed and approved this 7th day of May, 2024.

Richard Heidel, Village President

Attest:

Aaron Kramer, Village Administrator

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, being the duly appointed Clerk of the Board of the Village of Hobart, certifies that the aforementioned is a true and exact reproduction of the original ordinance or resolution adopted by the Village Board.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have executed this Certificate in my official capacity on May 7th 2024.

Lisa Vanden Heuvel, Village Clerk