TOWNSHIP OF MEDFORD

ORDINANCE 2023-17

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWNSHIP OF MEDFORD, COUNTY OF BURLINGTON, STATE OF NEW JERSEY, REPEALING AND REPLACING CHAPTER 53 OF THE TOWNSHIP CODE WITH A NEW CHAPTER 53 "PROPERTY MAINTENANCE; VACANT/ABANDONED PROPERTIES IN FORECLSOURE"

WHEREAS, the Township Council of the Township of Medford declares and finds that the current Township Ordinances governing properties, abandoned and vacant, are in need of revisions.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED by the Township Council of the Township of Medford, in the County of Burlington and State of New Jersey, as follows:

SECTION ONE: Chapter 53 of the Code of the Township of Medford is hereby repealed and replaced as follows:

CHAPTER 53. PROPERTY MAINTENANCE; VACANT/ABANDONED PROPERTIES IN FORECLOSURE.

§ 53-1. Definitions.

As used under this chapter, these words shall have the following meanings:

OWNER — Every mortgagor, mortgagee, executor, administrator of estate, trustee, agent, real estate agency, property manager, or interested parties who, along or severally with others, has legal or equitable title to any dwelling, dwelling unit, mobile dwelling unit, business, commercial property, or parcel of land, vacant or otherwise; or

A. Has care, charge or control of any such property, vacant or otherwise, in any capacity, including, but not limited to, agent, executor, executrix, administrator, administratrix, trustee or guardian of the estate of the holder of legal title; or

B. Is a mortgagee in possession of any such property; or

C. Is an agent, trustee, or other person appointed by the courts and vested with possession or control of any such property; or

D. Is an officer or trustee of the association of unit owners of a condominium. Each such person is bound to comply as if he/she were the owner. However, this chapter shall not apply to any condominium association or co-op that forecloses or initiates the foreclosure process for unpaid assessments due or owing to the association; or

E. Every person who operates a rooming house or boardinghouse; or

F. Is a trustee who holds, owns or controls mortgage loans for mortgage-backed securities transactions and has initiated the foreclosure process.

VACANT PROPERTY — Any building used or to be used for residential and/or commercial/business purposes which is not occupied or legally occupied or at which substantially all lawful construction operations or residential or commercial occupancy has ceased, and which is in such condition that it cannot legally be reoccupied without repair or rehabilitation, including but not limited to any property meeting the definition of abandoned property in N.J.S.A. 55:19-81 and; provided, however, that any property where all building systems are in working order, where the

building and grounds are maintained in good order and where the building is in habitable condition and where the building is being actively marketed by its owner for sale or rental shall not be deemed a vacant property for purposes of this chapter.

CREDITOR – Any State-chartered bank, savings bank, savings and loan association or credit union, any person required to be licensed under the provisions of the "New Jersey Residential Mortgage Lending Act," sections 1 through 39 of N.J.S.A. 17:11C-51 through N.J.S.A. 17:11C-89, and any entity acting on behalf of the creditor named in the debt obligation including, but not limited to servicers. For purposes of this section, a creditor shall not include the State, a political subdivision of the State, or a State, county or local government entity, or their agent or assignee, such as the servicer.

PUBLIC OFFICER – The officer or officers, board or body who is or are authorized under this chapter to exercise the powers set forth in this chapter and in the laws of the State of New Jersey.

§ 53-2. Identification of designated public officer.

The Township Manager or his designee is hereby designated and appointed as the public officer to exercise the powers set forth in this chapter. The public officer charged with the responsibility for identifying abandoned properties and giving notice as set forth in N.J.S.A. 55:19-82 shall be that officer qualified to carry out the responsibilities and designated by the Township pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-80.

§ 53-3. Duties and powers of public officer.

- A. The public officer shall identify all properties within the municipality which are deemed abandoned pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-78 et seq. The abandoned properties so identified shall include any and all properties found unfit for occupancy pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 52 of this Code.
- B. Each item of abandoned property shall be identified by tax block and lot number, the name of the owner of record (if known), and the street address of the lot.
- C. Upon identification of abandoned property, the public officer shall create and maintain a list of such property to be called the "abandoned property list." Properties may be added to the list at any time, or deleted from the list at any time the public officer finds that the property no longer meets the definition of an abandoned property. An interested party may request that a property be included on the abandoned property list following the procedure set forth in N.J.S.A. 55:19-105.
- D. An abandoned property shall not be included on the abandoned property list if rehabilitation is being performed in a timely manner, as evidenced by building permits issued and diligent pursuit of the rehabilitation work authorized by those permits. A property on which an entity other than the municipality has purchased or taken assignment from the municipality of a tax sale certificate, which has been placed on the abandoned property list, may be removed from the list in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 55:19-103. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a property deemed unfit pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 52 of this Code shall be subject to an order setting forth a specific time within which the repair, alteration or improvement of such unfit structure shall be made.
- E. The public officer shall issue a notice to a creditor filing the summons and complaint in an action to foreclose if the creditor has violated any section of this Chapter.
- (1) If the creditor has failed to provide care, maintenance, security, and upkeep of the exterior of the abandoned property, such notice shall require the creditor to correct the violation within 30 days of receipt of the notice, or within 10 days of receipt of the notice if the violation presents an imminent threat to public health and safety.

F. If an owner of a commercial property abandons any property on which a foreclosure proceeding has been initiated and the exterior of the property is found to be a nuisance or found to be in violation of the Township, local, or State building codes, the public officer shall notify the creditor who shall have the responsibility to abate the nuisance or correct the violation. The Township shall provide a description of the conditions that gave rise to the nuisance or violation and shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the creditor's receipt of the notice to remedy the nuisance or correct the violation. If the creditor fails to remedy the nuisance or abate the violation within that time period, the Township may impose penalties.

§ 53-4. Additional duties of public officer; notice.

- The public officer, within 10 days of the establishment of the abandoned property list, or A. any additions thereto, shall send a notice, by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular mail, to the owner of record of every property included on the list and shall cause the list to be published in the official newspaper of the municipality, which publication shall constitute public notice. The published and mailed notices shall identify the property determined to be abandoned, setting forth the owner of record (if known), the tax lot and block number, and street address. The notice shall also include procedures on appealing the determination pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-55e. The public officer, in consultation with the Tax Collector, shall also send out a notice by regular mail to any mortgagee, servicing organization, or property tax processing organization that receives a duplicate copy of the tax bill pursuant to Subsection d of N.J.S.A. 54:4-64. When the owner of record is not known for a particular property and cannot be ascertained by the exercise of reasonable diligence by the Tax Collector, notice shall not be mailed but instead shall be posted on the property in the manner provided in N.J.S.A. 40:48-2.7. The mailed notice shall indicate the factual basis for the public officer's finding that the property is abandoned property as that term is defined in N.J.S.A. 55:19-81, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, specifying the information relied upon in making such finding. In all cases, a copy of the mailed or posted notice shall also be filed by the public officer in the office of the Burlington County Clerk. This filing shall have the same force and effect as a notice of lis pendens under N.J.S.A. 2A:15-6.
- B. The public officer shall seek reimbursement for the postage costs and search fees associated with providing notice in accordance with Subsection A of this section from the authority (as defined in N.J.S.A. 40:48-2.4) or its subsidiaries in accordance with procedures and rules promulgated by the Department of Community Affairs.

§ 53-5. Criteria for the determination of abandonment.

- A. Any property or building used or to be used as a residence or business which is not occupied, or not legally occupied, for a period of six months, and at least one of the following conditions exist, shall be determined to be abandoned:
 - (1) The property is in need of rehabilitation in the judgment of the public officer and no rehabilitation has taken place during the six-month period; or
 - (2) Construction was initiated on the property and then discontinued for a period of at least six months, leaving the building unsuitable for occupancy; or
 - (3) At least one installment of real property tax remains unpaid or delinquent; or
 - (4) The property has been determined to be a nuisance pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-82.
- B. A property which contains both residential and nonresidential space may be considered abandoned so long as 2/3 or more of the net square footage of the building was previously legally occupied as residential space and none of the residential space has been legally occupied for at least six months and otherwise meets the criteria of either Subsection A(1) or (4) above.

C. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a property used on a seasonal basis shall not be deemed abandoned unless it meets two additional criteria set forth in Subsection A above.

§ 53-6. Options for enforcement by municipality.

The public officer may, as appropriate and in the discretion of the public officer, proceed to obtain repair, alteration, closing, improvement or demolition of a property on the abandoned property list, including those deemed unfit for occupancy, pursuant to either the provisions authorized by N.J.S.A. 40:48-2.3 et seq., or as authorized by N.J.S.A. 55:19-54 through 55:19-59 and N.J.S.A. 55:19-78 through 55:19-107. Pursuant to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 55:19-82, a property determined by the public officer to be a nuisance under the provisions of Subsection 82 of the statute shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 52.

§ 53-7. Remedies available under Abandoned Properties Rehabilitation Act.

The public officer shall have all of the powers available to the municipality, its agents, servants, and employees under the under the Abandoned Properties Rehabilitation Act (N.J.S.A. 55:19-78 et

seq.). Specifically, the public officer may:

A. When the owner or party in interest has failed to submit or initiate a rehabilitation plan, the public officer may bring a summary action in Superior Court to transfer possession and control of the property to the municipality for the development of such a plan. Upon being granted possession and control, in addition to adopting a rehabilitation plan, the municipality may commence and maintain further actions to: 1) conserve, protect or dispose of the property; 2) recover costs and expenses of the rehabilitation; and 3) if owner does not apply for reinstatement of control as provided for by N.J.S.A. 55:19-92, sell the property as directed by the court.

B. After filing a notice of intent to take control of the property pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-86, the public officer may enter onto the property as provided for in Subsection c of this section of the statute in order to inspect, secure stabilize or repair the property for purposes of preparing a rehabilitation plan. The public officer may cause such building to be repaired, altered or improved so as to make it fit for human habitation, occupancy or use, or to be vacated and closed, and the said public officer may cause to be posted on the main entrance of any building so closed a placard with the following words: "This building is unfit for human habitation, occupancy or use; the use or

occupation of this building is prohibited and unlawful."

C. Upon a proper showing to the court, the public officer may seek to obtain title to the property or sell same with the proceeds of such transaction to be distributed, in the following priority, for 1) the costs and expenses of sale; 2) other government liens; 3) repayment to the municipality for any borrowing or indebtedness granted priority lien status pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-98; 4) a reasonable development fee to the municipality consistent with the standards established by the Department of Community Affairs or New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency for rehabilitation programs; 5) other valid liens and security interests in accordance with their priority; and 6) the owner.

D. With the approval of the court, place a lien on the property to cover the costs of proceeding

under N.J.S.A. 55:19-78 et seq.

§ 53-8. Additional powers available to municipality.

In addition to those powers set forth above, the municipality may proceed to tax sale on the property pursuant to N.J.S.A. 55:19-56, designate a qualified rehabilitation entity to act on behalf of the municipality in rehabilitating the property, borrow funds to facilitate the powers given to the municipality under the law and seek priority lien status for such borrowings. The purpose of this Chapter is to provide the municipality with all powers granted to it by the legislature under N.J.S.A. 40:48-2.3 et seq., N.J.S.A. 55:19-54 et seq., and N.J.S.A. 55:19-78 et seq. which are incorporated herein and made a part hereof.

If the Township expends public funds to abate a nuisance or abate a violation on a commercial

property in situations which the creditor was given notice pursuant to this Chapter, but failed to abate the nuisance or violation, the Township shall have recourse against the creditor for reimbursement of those funds, pursuant to N.J.S.A. § 55:19-100.

§ 53-9. Registration of vacant/abandoned properties.

Notwithstanding the requirements of any other section of the Code, all vacant or abandoned properties shall be required to register with the Township.

§ 53-10. Registration requirements.

Effective October 1, 2018, the owner of any vacant property as defined herein shall, within 30 calendar days after the building becomes vacant property or within 30 calendar days after assuming ownership of the vacant property, whichever is later, or within 10 calendar days of receipt of notice from the municipality, file a registration statement for such vacant property with the Township Code Enforcement Officer on forms provided by the Township for such purposes. The owner of any property which meets the definition of vacant property at the time of the effectiveness of this chapter shall have 30 days to register the property. Any failure to provide notice by the municipality shall not constitute grounds for failing to register the property.

A. Each property having a separate block and lot number as designated in official records of

the municipality shall be registered separately.

- B. The registration statement shall include the name, street address, telephone number, and email address (if applicable) of a person 18 years or older, designated by the owner as the authorized agent for receiving notices of code violations and for receiving process in any court proceeding or administrative enforcement proceeding on behalf of such owner in connection with the enforcement of any applicable code; and the name, street address, telephone number and e-mail address (if applicable) of the firm and actual name(s) of the firm's individual principal(s) responsible for maintaining the property. The individual or representative of the firm responsible for maintaining the property shall be available by telephone or in person on a twenty-four-hour-per-day, seven-day-per-week basis. The two entities may be the same or different persons. Both entities shown on the statement must maintain offices in the State of New Jersey or reside within the State of New Jersey.
- C. The registration statement shall include the name, street address, telephone number, and email address (if applicable) of the firm and the actual name(s) of the firm's individual principal(s) responsible for maintaining the property. The individual or representative of the firm responsible for maintaining the property shall be available by telephone or in person on a twenty-four-hour-perday, seven-day-per-week basis. The two entities may be the same or different persons. Both entities shown on the statement must maintain offices in the State of New Jersey or reside within the State of New Jersey.
- D. The registration shall remain valid for one year from the date of registration, except for the initial registration, which shall be valid through December 31 of the year in which it was filed. The owner shall be required to renew the registration annually as long as the building remains a vacant property and shall pay a registration or renewal fee in the amount prescribed in this chapter for each

vacant property registered.

E. The annual renewal shall be completed by January 1 each year. The initial registration fee shall be prorated for registration statements received less than 10 months prior to that date.

F. The owner shall notify the Clerk within 10 calendar days of any change in the registration information by filing an amended registration statement on a form provided by the Clerk for such purpose. The owner shall have a continuing obligation to maintain true and accurate registration information with the Township.

G. The registration statement shall be deemed prima facie proof of the statements therein contained in any administrative enforcement proceeding or court proceeding instituted by the

Township against the owner of the building.

§ 53-11. Notice requirements for creditor foreclosing on commercial property.

A creditor filing a summons and complaint in an action to foreclose on a mortgage on a commercial property in the Township shall, within 10 days of serving the summons and complaint, notify the municipal clerk and public officer. The notice shall contain the following:

- A. Street address, lot, and block number of the property.
- B. Full name, address, and telephone number for the representative of the creditor who is responsible for receiving complaints of property maintenance and code violations.
- C. Full name and contact information for any person or entity retained by the creditor or a representative of the creditor to be responsible for any care, maintenance, security or upkeep of the property.

Notice may contain information about more than one property.

If there is any change in the above referenced information submitted to the municipal clerk and public officer, the creditor shall provide such change to the municipal clerk and public officer within 10 days of the change of that information.

§ 53-12. Registration requirements for creditor foreclosing on commercial or residential property.

In addition to the notice requirements outlined above, the creditor filing a summons and complaint in an action to foreclose shall register the residential or commercial property as a property in foreclosure and shall provide the information required in §38A-11, as well as the following:

- A. Identify the date, the summons, and complaint in an action to foreclose on a mortgage which was filed against the property;
- B. The court in which it was filed;
- C. The docket number of the filing;
- D. Identify whether the property is vacant and abandoned.

If there is any change in the information required for the notice or registration pursuant to this Chapter, the creditor shall update the information within 10 days of the change of that information. If the property becomes vacant and abandoned after the property is registered with the Township, then the creditor shall update the registration with the Township.

§ 53-13. Creditor notice to Municipal Clerk.

Pursuant to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 46:10B-51(b), any creditor initiating a new foreclosure action shall have 10 days to provide Medford Township Clerk with notice of the action. Such notice shall provide:

- A. The name and contact information for the representative of the creditor who is responsible for receiving complaints of property maintenance and code violations;
- B. The street address, lot and block number of the property;
- C. The full name and contact information of an individual located in New Jersey authorized to accept service on behalf of the creditor; and
- D. Whether the property is subject to the provisions of the New Jersey Fair Housing Act. 1

§53-14. Criteria for the determination of vacant and abandoned.

A property shall be considered vacant and abandoned if it is not legally occupied by a mortgagor or tenant, which is under such condition that it cannot be legally reoccupied, because of the presence

¹ See N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.

or finding of at least two of the following:

- a. overgrown or neglected vegetation;
- b. the accumulation of newspapers, circulars, flyers, or mail on the property;

c. disconnected gas, electric, or water utility services to the property;

d. the accumulation of hazardous, noxious, or unhealthy substances or materials on the property;

e. the accumulation of junk, litter, trash, or debris on the property;

f. the absence of window treatments such as blinds, curtains, or shutters;

g. the absence of furnishings and personal items;

- h. statements of neighbors, delivery persons, or government employees indicating that the property is vacant and abandoned;
- i. windows or entrances to the property that are boarded up or closed off, or multiple window panes that are damaged, broken, and unrepaired;

j. doors to the property that are smashed through, broken off, unhinged, or continuously unlocked;

k. a risk to the health, safety, or welfare of the public or any adjoining or adjacent property owners due to acts of vandalism, loitering, criminal conduct, or the physical destruction or deterioration of the property;

l. an uncorrected violation of a municipal building, housing, or similar code during the preceding year, or an order by municipal authorities declaring the property to be unfit for occupancy and to remain vacant and unoccupied;

m. the mortgagee or other authorized party has secured or winterized the property due to the property being deemed vacant and unprotected or in danger of freezing;

n. a written statement issued by a mortgagor expressing the clear intent of all mortgagors to abandon the property; or

o. any other reasonable indication of abandonment.

§ 53-15. Fee schedule.

- A. The initial registration fee for an abandoned property shall be \$500 and shall be prorated for registration statements received less than 10 months prior to the due date.
- B. Vacant property registration fee schedule.
 - (1) Initial registration: \$500.
 - (2) First renewal: \$1,000.
 - (3) Second subsequent renewal: \$2,500.
 - (4) Any subsequent renewal: \$5,000.
- C. Registration fee schedule for creditor of residential or commercial properties.

(1) Initial Registration: \$500 per property that is required to be registered because a summons and complaint in an action to foreclose was filed.

(2) An additional \$2,000 per property if the property is vacant and abandoned when the summons and complaint in an action to foreclose is filed, or becomes vacant and abandoned at any time thereafter.

§ 53-16. Access to vacant properties.

The owner of any vacant property registered under this chapter shall provide access to the Township to conduct exterior and interior inspections of the building to determine compliance with municipal codes upon reasonable notice to the property owner or the designated agent. Such inspections shall be carried out on weekdays during the hours between 7:30 a.m. and 4:45 p.m., or at such other time as may be mutually agreed upon between the owner and the Township.

§ 53-17. Requirements of owners of vacant property.

The owner of any building that has become vacant property, and any person maintaining or operating or collecting rent for any such building that has become vacant, shall, within 30 days thereof:

- A. Enclose and secure the building against unauthorized entry as provided in the applicable provisions of the Township of Mansfield Code, or as set forth in the rules and regulations supplementing such Code; and
- B. Secure the building from unauthorized entry and maintain the sign until the building is again legally occupied or demolished or until repair or rehabilitation of the building is complete; and
- C. Ensure that the exterior grounds of the structure, including yards, fences, sidewalks, walkways, rights-of-way, alleys, retaining walls, attached or unattached accessory structures and driveways, are well maintained and free from trash, debris, loose litter, and grass and weed growth, vehicles and accumulation of newspapers/flyers/ notices; and
- D. Continue to maintain the structure in a secure and closed condition and keep the grounds in a clean and well-maintained condition, and ensure that the sign is visible and intact until the building is again occupied or demolished, or until repair and/or rehabilitation of the building is complete; and
- E. Pools and spas shall be kept in working order so that the water remains clear and free of pollutants and debris, or drained and kept dry. In either case properties with pools and/or spas must comply with the minimum security fencing requirement of
- F. Responsibilities for creditor filing a summons and complaint in an action to foreclose on a commercial or residential property.
 - (1) Creditor shall be responsible for the care, maintenance, security, and upkeep of the exterior of an abandoned property registered with the Township.
 - (2) Creditor located out-of-State shall be responsible for appointing an in-State representative or agent to act for them.
 - (3) Creditor shall secure the property against any unauthorized entry, by posting a sign affixed to the inside of the property and visible to the public indicating the name, address, and telephone number of the creditor, or acquire and otherwise maintain liability insurance with the Township.

§ 53-18. Violations and penalties.

- A. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:48-2.12s, if the public officer determines that a creditor, who has filed a summons and complaint in an action for foreclosure, has violated this chapter by failing to provide for the care, maintenance, security, or upkeep of the exterior of the property, the public officer shall issue a notice requiring the person or entity responsible to correct the violation within 30 days of receipt of the notice, or within 10 days of receipt of the notice if the violation presents an imminent threat to public health and safety. The issuance of a notice pursuant to this subsection shall constitute proof that the property is vacant and abandoned for the purposes of the New Jersey Foreclosure Fairness Act, N.J.S.A. 2A:50-73. Any creditor required to care for, maintain, secure and keep up a property under this chapter cited in a notice issued pursuant to § 53-19 shall be subject to a fine of \$1,500 for each day of the violation. In addition, any person, firm, corporation or entity violating any provision of this chapter shall, upon conviction, be punishable as provided in § 1-16 of the Township Code.
- B. An out-of-state creditor subject to this chapter that is found by any court of competent jurisdiction to be in violation of the requirement to appoint an in-state representative or agent pursuant to this chapter shall be subject to a fine of \$2,500 for each day of the violation. Any fines

imposed for failure to appoint an in-state representative or agent shall commence on the day after the ten-day period set forth in the N.J.S.A. 10B-51(a)(1).1

- C. An out-of-state creditor subject to this chapter that is found by any court of competent jurisdiction to be in violation of the requirement to correct a care, maintenance, security, or upkeep violation cited in a notice issued pursuant to this chapter shall be subject to a fine of \$1,500 for each day of the violation. Any fines imposed pursuant to this subsection shall commence 31 days following receipt of the notice, except if the violation presents an imminent risk to public health and safety, in which case any fines shall commence 11 days following receipt of the notice.
- D. No less than 20% of any money collected pursuant to Subsections B and C of this section shall be utilized by the municipality for code enforcement purposes.
- E. Any person who violates any provision of this section not addressed by Subsections B and C of this section, or the rules and regulations issued hereunder, shall be fined not less than \$100 and not more than \$1,250 for each offense. Every day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate and distinct offense. Fines assessed under this section shall be recoverable from the owner and shall be a lien on the property.
- F. Any fine(s) or cost(s) associated with cleaning up the property that remains uncollected or unpaid shall, by Resolution of the Township Committee, become a lien upon the property, which lien shall hereafter form part of the taxes next to be assessed and levied upon said lands, the same to bear interest at the same rate as taxes to be collected and enforced by the same officers and in the same manner as taxes.
- G. A creditor found to have violated this Chapter, shall be subject to a fine of \$1,500 for each day of the violation. Any fines imposed pursuant to this Chapter shall commence 31 days following receipt of the notice of violation, except if the violation presents an imminent risk to public health and safety, in which case any fines shall commence 11 days following receipt of the notice.

§53-19. Indemnification to municipality for abatement.

In addition to the violation and penalty provisions of this chapter, Medford Township, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 46:10B-51(c) and the provisions of this chapter, may seek indemnification from any lender to recover the costs of public funds spent to abate a nuisance or correct a violation following a creditor's noncompliance with this chapter.

§ 53-20. Private entity to assist with administration of the property registration program.

The Township may contract with and set the compensation of a private entity, pursuant to N.J.S.A 40A:11-1 et seq., to assist the Township in the implementation and administration of the property registration program established in this Chapter. The Township may delegate to such private entity any duties under this Chapter including, without limitation, identifying properties located within the municipality that are subject to the registration requirements of this Chapter, maintaining and updating the property registrations for the Township, communicating with the creditor of vacant and abandoned properties, invoicing and collecting payment for the creditors for fees authorized by this Chapter and monitoring compliance with this Chapter. An entity may conduct property registration services on behalf of the Township pursuant to a shared services agreement subject to N.J.S.A 40A:65-1 et seq. Property registration fees imposed pursuant to this Chapter shall be considered a municipal charge pursuant N.J.S.A. 54:5-1 et seq. Any fees collected by an entity pursuant to this Chapter shall be paid to the Township within a timeframe specified in the contract between the entity and the Township. Payments involving a third-party entity, will be collected pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:48-2.12s3(f)

REPEALER, SEVERABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE

A. Any and all Ordinances and provisions thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be and are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

- B. If any section, paragraph, subdivision, clause or provision of this Ordinance shall be adjudged invalid, such adjudication shall apply only to the section, paragraph, subdivision, clause or provision and the remainder of this ordinance shall be deemed valid and effective.
- C. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon final passage and publication according to law.

Township of Medford

Ordinance 2023-17

"An Ordinance of the Township of Medford, County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, Repealing and Replacing Chapter 53 of the Township with a New Chapter 53 "Property Maintenance; Vacant/Abandoned Properties in Foreclosure"

The above entitled ordinance was passed on first reading at a meeting of the Township Council of the Township of Medford on November 8, 2023. It will be further considered for final passage after a public hearing at the regularly scheduled meeting to be held on November 21, 2023 at the Public Safety Building, 91 Union Street, Medford, New Jersey at 7:00 PM, at which time and place any persons desiring to be heard upon the same will be given the opportunity to be heard. Copies of this ordinance will be made available at the Municipal Clerk's office to members of the general public who shall request them.

Katherine Burger, RMC Municipal Clerk

Township of Medford

Notice of Final Adoption

Ordinance 2023-17

"An Ordinance of the Township of Medford, County of Burlington, State of New Jersey Repealing and Replacing Chapter 53 of the Township Code with a New Chapter 53 "Property Maintenance; Vacant/Abandoned Properties in Foreclosure"

Notice is hereby given that the Ordinance as entitled above was adopted following second reading and public hearing at a regular meeting of the Township Council of the Township of Medford, County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, held at the Public Safety Building, 91 Union Street, Medford, New Jersey on November 21, 2023.

Katherine E. Burger Municipal Clerk