

COUNCIL ORDINANCE No. 2245

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MILWAUKIE, OREGON, AMENDING THE MILWAUKIE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN COMMERCIAL LAND USE DESIGNATIONS, MUNICIPAL CODE (MMC) TITLE 11 MISCELLANEOUS PERMITS, TITLE 19 ZONING ORDINANCE, TITLE 14 SIGNS, AND THE ZONING MAP FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING NEIGHBORHOOD HUBS (PRIMARY FILE #ZA-2024-001).

WHEREAS it is the city's intent to support and promote small areas of commercial and civic activity in residential neighborhoods, known as Neighborhood Hubs; and to streamline processes and simplify the code where possible; and

WHEREAS the proposed code amendments implement several of the goals and policies of the city's comprehensive plan related to urban design and land use, namely the opportunity for Neighborhood Hubs; and

WHEREAS legal and public notices have been provided as required by law, and multiple opportunities for public review and input has been provided; and

WHEREAS on March 12, 2024, the Planning Commission conducted a public hearing as required by MMC 19.1008.5 and adopted a motion in support of the amendments; and

WHEREAS the City Council finds that the proposed amendments are in the public interest of the City of Milwaukie.

Now, Therefore, the City of Milwaukie does ordain as follows:

Section 1. Findings. Findings of fact in support of the amendments are adopted by the City Council and are attached as Exhibit A.

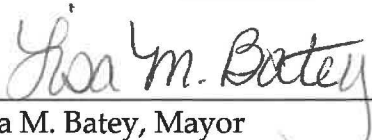
Section 2. Amendments. The MMC, the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan, the Zoning Map, and the Land Use Map are amended as described in Exhibit B (underline/strikeout version), and Exhibit C (clean version).

Section 3. Effective Date. The amendments shall become effective 30 days from the date of adoption.

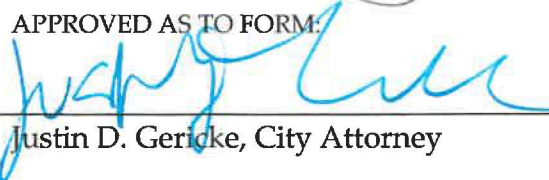
Read the first time on 7/16/2024 and moved to second reading by 4:1 vote of the City Council.

Read the second time and adopted by the City Council on 8/06/2024.


Signed by the Mayor on 8/06/2024.



Lisa M. Batey, Mayor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:


Justin D. Gericke, City Attorney

ATTEST:


Nicole Madigan, Deputy City Recorder

Findings in Support of Approval
File #ZA-2024-001; CPA-2024-001; ZC-2024-001
Neighborhood Hubs Code Amendments

Sections of the Milwaukie Municipal Code not addressed in these findings are found to be inapplicable to the decision on this application.

1. The applicant, the City of Milwaukie, proposes to amend the zoning map, comprehensive plan, and make code amendments to Titles 11, 14 and 19 related to Neighborhood Hubs. The intent is to implement Section 8 of the city's comprehensive plan. The land use application file numbers are ZA-2024-001, CPA-2024-001, and ZC-2024-001.
2. The proposed amendments relate to implementation of Section 8, Policy 8.1.4 of the Comprehensive Plan related to identified Neighborhood Hubs located in several locations in the city within residential zones. Providing opportunities for the development of neighborhood commercial services and the provision of amenities and gathering places for residents in the surrounding areas has been a goal for the community. The adopted Comprehensive Plan policies call for expanded commercial and civic opportunities in the city's residential areas and consolidation of zones where possible to simplify the code.
3. Amendments are proposed in several titles of the municipal code, as follows:
 - Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan
 - Comprehensive Plan Commercial Land Use Designations
 - Municipal Code – Title 11 Miscellaneous Permits
 - Section 11.05 – Temporary Permits, Uses, and Regulations
 - Municipal Code - Title 19 Zoning Ordinance
 - Chapter 19.100 – INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS
 - Section 19.107 Zoning
 - Chapter 19.300 – BASE ZONES
 - Section 19.303 Commercial Mixed Use Zones
 - Section 19.305 Neighborhood Commercial Zone C-N
 - Section 19.306 Limited Commercial Zone C-L
 - Chapter 19.1100 ANNEXATIONS AND BOUNDARY CHANGES
 - Table 19.1104.1.E Zoning and Land Use Designations for Boundary Changes
 - Municipal Code - Title 14 Signs
 - 14.16.030 Neighborhood Commercial Zone
 - 14.16.040 Commercial Zones
4. The proposal is subject to the following provisions of the Milwaukie Municipal Code (MMC):
 - MMC Section 19.902 Amendments to Maps and Ordinances
 - MMC Chapter 19.1000 Review Procedures

5. Sections of the MMC not addressed in these findings are found to be not applicable to the decision on this land use application.
6. The application has been processed and public notice provided in accordance with MMC Section 19.1008 Type V Review. Public hearings were held on March 12, 2024, May 7, 2024, July 16, 2024, and August 6, 2024 as required by law.

7. MMC Chapter 19.1000 establishes the initiation and review requirements for land use applications. The City Council finds that these requirements have been met as follows.

- a. MMC Subsection 19.1001.6 requires that Type V applications be initiated by the Milwaukie City Council, Planning Commission, Planning Manager, or any individual.

The amendments were formally initiated by the Planning Manager on January 5, 2024.

- b. MMC Section 19.1008 establishes requirements for Type V review. The procedures for Type V Review have been met as follows:

- (1) Subsection 19.1008.3.A.1 requires opportunity for public comment.

Opportunity for public comment and review has been provided as follows:

The project team conducted a variety of engagement activities prior to the formal hearing process to get feedback from the public to help hone the final proposed amendment language. These efforts included: meetings with all NDAs, an online survey on the Engage Milwaukie platform, stakeholder interviews, and a series of in-person workshops.

The Planning Commission had a work session about the proposed code amendment language in January and the City Council had a work session in December 2023. The current version of the draft amendments has been posted on the application webpage since February 6, 2024. On February 12, 2024 staff e-mailed NDA members and stakeholders with information about the hearing and a link to the draft proposed amendments. On February 14, 2024, a Measure 56 notice was sent to all properties affected by the code amendments and a notice to all properties within 300 ft of those properties was also sent.

- (2) Subsection 19.1008.3.A.2 requires notice of public hearing on a Type V Review to be posted on the City website and at City facilities that are open to the public at least 30 days prior to the hearing.

A notice of the Planning Commission's March 12, 2024 hearing was posted as required on February 8, 2024. A notice of the City Council's May 7, 2024 hearing was posted as required on April 4, 2024.

- (3) Subsection 19.1008.3.A.3 requires notice be sent to individual property owners if the proposal affects a discrete geographic area or specific properties in the City.

The proposed amendments will apply to several discrete geographic areas. Notices were sent to all affected property owners on February 14, 2024.

- (4) Subsection 19.1008.3.B requires notice of a Type V application be sent to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) 35 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing.

Notice of the proposed amendments was sent to DLCD on February 6, 2024

- (5) Subsection 19.1008.3.C requires notice of a Type V application be sent to Metro 45 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing.

Notice of the proposed amendments was sent to Metro on February 6, 2024

- (6) Subsection 19.1008.3.D requires notice to property owners if, in the Planning Director's opinion, the proposed amendments would affect the permissible uses of land for those property owners.

The proposed amendments will apply to properties deemed to be Neighborhood Hubs and propose changes to permissible uses on the properties. However, the vast majority of the changes increase the number of permitted uses and/or streamline or eliminate land use review processes. Notice was sent to all affected property owners on February 14, 2024.

- (7) Subsection 19.1008.4 and 5 establish the review authority and process for review of a Type V application.

The Planning Commission held a duly advertised public hearing on March 12, 2024 and passed a motion recommending that the City Council approve the proposed amendments. The City Council held duly advertised public hearings on May 7, 2024, July 16, 2024, and August 6, 2024 and approved the amendments.

8. MMC 19.902 Amendments to Maps and Ordinances

- a. MMC 19.902.3 establishes requirements for amendments to the text of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan. The City Council finds that these requirements have been met as follows.

- (1) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.A requires that changes to the text of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan shall be evaluated through a Type V review per Section 19.1008.

The Planning Commission held a duly advertised public hearing on March 12, 2024 and passed a motion recommending that the City Council approve the proposed amendments. The City Council held duly advertised public hearings on May 7, 2024, July 16, 2024, and August 6, 2024, and approved the amendments. Public notice was provided in accordance with MMC Subsection 19.1008.3.

- (2) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B contains approval criteria for changes to the text of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan.

- (a) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B.1 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with the goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan, as proposed to be amended.

The only amendments proposed to the text of the comprehensive plan are in the section related to commercial land use designations. The proposed amendments reflect the proposed zoning map amendments that affect Neighborhood Hubs, a stated goal in the Comprehensive Plan.

- (b) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B.2 requires that the proposed amendment is in the public interest with regard to neighborhood or community conditions.

The proposed amendments reflect the community's desire for policies and regulations that provide opportunities for the development of neighborhood commercial services and the provision of amenities and gathering places for residents of the surrounding area. As noted above, the only text amendment to the comprehensive plan reflects the creation of a new small-scale mixed use zone that reflects the proposed zoning map amendments.

- (c) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B.3 requires the public need be best satisfied by this particular proposed amendment.

The proposed amendments confirm the community's vision for provision of areas of commercial and civic activity in residential neighborhoods. As noted above, the only text amendment to the comprehensive plan reflects the creation of a new small-scale mixed use zone that reflects the proposed zoning map amendments.

- (d) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B.4 requires that the proposed amendment is consistent with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan and relevant regional policies.

The proposed amendment is consistent with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan and relevant regional policies related to residential capacity.

The Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan includes Title 12: Protection of Residential Neighborhoods, the intent of which is to protect neighborhoods from air and water pollution and also address provision of adequate levels of public services. Section 3.07.1230 is the most relevant section to review given the proposed amendments related to Neighborhood Hubs.

- (a) Section 3.07.1230 Access to Commercial Services

The proposed amendments expand opportunities for convenient locations of commercial activities within established residential neighborhoods. By identifying these Neighborhood Hubs and allowing more commercial uses and areas of activity, the city strives to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion.

- (b) Title 7 Housing Choice

The proposed amendments also reduce barriers to the development of mixed use buildings that will support Metro's policies for expanding housing choice with a needed housing type in Milwaukie.

The proposed amendments were sent to Metro for comment. Metro did not identify any inconsistencies with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan or relevant regional policies. Additional findings specific to the UGMFP are included with these findings. The proposed code amendments are in compliance with Metro's Functional Growth Management Plan.

- (e) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B.5 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with relevant State statutes and administrative rules, including the Statewide Planning Goals and Transportation Planning Rule.

DLCD has not identified any areas where the proposed amendments are inconsistent with State statutes and administrative rules, including the Statewide Planning Goals and Transportation Planning Rule. Additional findings have been prepared demonstrating compliance with the Statewide Planning Goals.

- b. MMC 19.902.4 establishes requirements for amendments to the maps of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan. The City Council finds that these requirements have been met as follows.

- (1) MMC Subsection 19.902.4.A requires that changes to the text of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan shall be evaluated through a Type V review per Section 19.1008.

The Planning Commission held a duly advertised public hearing on March 12, 2024 and passed a motion recommending that the City Council approve the proposed amendments. The City Council held duly advertised public hearings on May 7, 2024, July 16, 2024, and August 6, 2024, and approved the amendments. Public notice was provided in accordance with MMC Subsection 19.1008.3.

- (2) MMC Subsection 19.902.4.B contains approval criteria for changes to the text of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan.

- (a) MMC Subsection 19.902.3.B.1 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with the goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan, as proposed to be amended.

Changes to the maps of the Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan must be evaluated against the approval criteria in Subsection 19.902.3.B. A quasi-judicial map amendment shall be approved if these criteria are met. A legislative map amendment may be approved if these criteria are met.

The findings for compliance with MMC 19.902.3.B apply to the findings for these map amendments as well. Refer to the findings above for compliance with this code section.

9. MMC 19.902.5 establishes requirements for amendments to the text of the zoning ordinance. The City Council finds that these requirements have been met as follows.
- a. MMC Subsection 19.902.5.A requires that changes to the text of the land use regulations of the Milwaukie Municipal Code shall be evaluated through a Type V review per Section 19.1008.

The Planning Commission held a duly advertised public hearing on March 12, 2024 and passed a motion recommending that the City Council approve the proposed amendments. The City Council held duly advertised public hearings on May 7, 2024, July 16, 2024, and August 6, 2024, and approved the amendments. Public notice was provided in accordance with MMC Subsection 19.1008.3.

- (1) MMC Subsection 19.902.5.B establishes the approval criteria for changes to land use regulations of the Milwaukie Municipal Code.

- (a) MMC Subsection 19.905.B.1 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with other provisions of the Milwaukie Municipal Code.

The proposed amendments coordinate and are consistent with other provisions of the Milwaukie Municipal Code.

- (b) MMC Subsection 19.902.5.B.2 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with the goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan.

The goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan support the amendments to re-zone and/or expand permitted uses in identified Neighborhood Hubs.

- (c) Section 8 – Urban Design and Land Use:

Promote the design of private development and public spaces and facilities to enhance community livability, environmental sustainability, social interaction, and multimodal connectivity and support the unique function of Milwaukie neighborhoods as the centers of daily life.

- (a) Policy 8.1.4 Neighborhood Hubs

a) Provide opportunities for the development of neighborhood commercial services and the provision of amenities and gathering places for residents of the surrounding area.

b) Ensure that new development is compatible with the height, massing and building form allowed by zoning on adjacent residential properties. A hub development need not be identical to the height, massing or form of buildings allowed by nearby zoning for a finding of compatibility.

c) Ensure new development contributes to a pedestrian friendly environment along the property frontage.

- d) Encourage development of multi-season outdoor seating areas and pedestrian plazas.
- e) Provide for a high level of flexibility in design and incentives to accommodate a variety of start-ups, temporary uses and incremental expansions and explore innovative techniques for waiving or deferring full site development and parking requirements.
- f) Provide a process to allow start-up and temporary uses that take advantage of incentives and deferral programs to make a smooth transition to status as a permanent use.

The proposed amendments implement this section of the comprehensive plan related to Neighborhood Hubs. The amendments propose to do a number of things to encourage and allow a wider variety of commercial and civic activities in residential neighborhoods, including: upzone commercial areas currently zoned Limited Commercial (C-L) to Neighborhood Mixed Use, and upzone commercial areas currently zone Neighborhood Commercial (C-N) to a new zone called Small-Scale Mixed Use. The proposed amendments include revisions to the code section related to temporary uses to allow additional flexibility in pop-up activities and pilot projects to test new uses in other areas of existing neighborhoods, including outdoor seating, food carts, or other temporary businesses.

- (d) MMC Subsection 19.902.5.B.3 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan and relevant regional policies.

The proposed amendment is consistent with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan and relevant regional policies related to residential capacity.

The Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan includes Title 12: Protection of Residential Neighborhoods, the intent of which is to protect neighborhoods from air and water pollution and also address provision of adequate levels of public services. Section 3.07.1230 seems to be the most relevant section to review given the proposed amendments related to Neighborhood Hubs.

- (a) Section 3.07.1230 Access to Commercial Services

The proposed amendments expand opportunities for convenient locations of commercial activities within established residential neighborhoods. By identifying these Neighborhood Hubs and allowing more commercial uses and areas of activity, the city strives to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion.

- (b) Title 7 Housing Choice

The proposed amendments also reduce barriers to the development of mixed use buildings that will support Metro's policies for expanding housing choice with a needed housing type in Milwaukee.

The proposed amendments were sent to Metro for comment. Metro did not identify any inconsistencies with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan or relevant regional policies. Additional findings specific to the UGMFP are included with these findings. The proposed code amendments are in compliance with Metro's Functional Growth Management Plan.

- (e) MMC Subsection 19.902.5.B.4 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with relevant State statutes and administrative rules, including the Statewide Planning Goals and Transportation Planning Rule.

The proposed amendments were sent to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) for comment. The DLCD did not identify any areas where the proposed amendments were inconsistent with State statutes and administrative rules. Additional findings have been prepared demonstrating compliance with the Statewide Planning Goals.

- (f) MMC Subsection 19.902.5.B.5 requires that the proposed amendment be consistent with relevant federal regulations.

The City Council finds that the Federal Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 is relevant to the proposed amendments. The proposed amendments provide a clear and objective review process for middle housing development in the residential zones.

- b. MMC 19.902.6 establishes requirements for amendments to the Zoning Map. The City Council finds that these requirements have been met as follows.

- (1) MMC Subsection 19.902.6.A states that changes to the Zoning Map shall be evaluated through either a Type III or a Type V review.

The Zoning Map amendments involve all properties zoned C-L, C-N, and a portion of a property zoned R-HD, as well as properties zoned NMU for allowance of live theatre and playhouses. The amendments are legislative in nature and subject to Type V review.

The Planning Commission held a duly advertised public hearing on March 12, 2024 and passed a motion recommending that the City Council approve the proposed amendments. The City Council held duly advertised public hearings on May 7, 2024, July 16, 2024, and August 6, 2024, and approved the amendments. Public notice was provided in accordance with MMC Subsection 19.1008.3.

- (2) MMC Subsection 19.902.6.B contains approval criteria for changes to the Zoning Map.

- (a) The proposed amendment is compatible with the surrounding area based on the following factors:

- i. Site location and character of the area.

The proposed zoning map amendments:

- Rezone properties zoned C-L to NMU
- Eliminate the C-L zone
- Rezone properties zoned C-N to a new SMU zone (Small-Scale Mixed Use)
- Eliminate the C-N zone
- Rezone a property located at 4107-4117 SE Harrison St to NMU

- ii. Predominant land use pattern and density of the area.

As noted above, the proposed zoning map amendments predominantly affect the C-L and C-N zones, which are already commercial zones. The proposed amendments expand some permitted uses, streamline land use review, correct existing non-conformities, and simplify the zoning code by eliminating and consolidating zones.

- iii. Expected changes in the development pattern for the area.

Given that the amendments affect existing commercially-zone properties, the change in development pattern in some areas may include a modest increase in intensity of use. The amendments implement goals and policies established in the comprehensive plan for Neighborhood Hubs.

- (b) The need is demonstrated for uses allowed by the proposed amendment.

Per the City's 2020 comprehensive plan, the city anticipates working with local residents, property owners, businesses, and others to create a series of neighborhood hubs intended to improve neighborhood livability by providing ready access to places to eat, drink, shop, gather, and play. "Neighborhood hubs" is a concept that emerged during the development of Milwaukie's Community Vision and Action Plan and aims to enhance livability and provide residents with access to amenities and services close to where they live. Design and future development or redevelopment of these hubs will vary and will reflect the scale and needs of the adjacent neighborhoods.

- (c) The availability is shown of suitable alternative areas with the same or similar zoning designation.

Staff has interpreted this criterion to mean that the finding shall show that there is no suitable alternative area with the same or similar zoning designation.

As noted above the proposed zoning map amendments would consolidate some commercial zones, and upzone others, to simplify the code, provide opportunities for commercial and civic activities in residential neighborhoods, and make adjustments to streamline land use review.

- (d) The subject property and adjacent properties presently have adequate public transportation facilities, public utilities, and services to support the use(s) allowed by the proposed amendment, or such facilities, utilities, and services are proposed or required as a condition of approval for the proposed amendment.

The public transportation facilities, public utilities, and services in the existing neighborhood-scale commercial areas are adequate to support the proposed amendments. The subject properties are already being used for, or are zoned for, smaller scale commercial development. The proposed amendments may increase the demand on the facilities, utilities, or services in the area, which have been planned for.

- (e) The proposed amendment is consistent with the functional classification, capacity, and level of service of the transportation system. A transportation impact study may be required subject to the provisions of Chapter 19.700.

The proposed amendment may intensify the development potential of some of the identified Hub areas. Any increase in development will be modest and not result in a failure level of service on the city's transportation system. The city's TSP anticipates neighborhood-scale development in these zones and the TSP is being fully revised in 2024-2025.

- (f) The proposed amendment is consistent with the goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan, including the Land Use Map.

The subject areas are designated for commercial development and will continue to be designated as such. The goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Neighborhood Hubs development are noted above in Finding 9 and the primary purpose of the amendments is to implement the comprehensive plan as it relates to Neighborhood Hubs. The proposed amendment is consistent with those goals and policies.

- (g) The proposed amendment is consistent with the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan and relevant regional policies.

See Finding 8.a.(1)(d) above.

- (h) The proposed amendment is consistent with relevant State statutes and administrative rules, including the Statewide Planning Goals and Transportation Planning Rule.

See Finding 8.a.(1)(e) above.

UGMFP Findings for Milwaukie Code Amendments for Neighborhood Hubs

The Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan (UGMFP) provides tools to meet regional goals and objectives adopted by Metro Council, including the 2040 Growth Concept and the Regional Framework Plan. Under the Metro Charter, the City of Milwaukie's Comprehensive Plan and implementing ordinances are required to comply and be consistent with the UGMFP. The UGMFP consists of 14 code titles with policies and compliance procedures.

Metro requires "substantial compliance" with requirements in the UGMFP. Per the definition in Title 10, "substantial compliance" means that the City's zoning code conforms with the purposes of the performance standards in the functional plan "on the whole." Any failure to meet individual performance standard requirements is considered technical or minor in nature.

Based on the findings described below, the proposed code amendments related to Neighborhood Hubs substantially comply with all applicable titles of the Urban Growth Management Functional Plan.

Title 12: Protection of Residential Neighborhoods

Finding:

Title 12 is designed to protect existing neighborhoods from air and water pollution and also address provision of adequate levels of public services. Under Title 12, the City is required to ensure that its Comprehensive Plan and implementing ordinances include strategies to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion by making commercial retail services more accessible to residents of neighborhoods (3.07.1230).

The local code findings state that the proposed amendments expand opportunities for convenient locations of commercial activities within established residential neighborhoods. The proposed amendments affect existing neighborhood-scale commercial areas and expand existing uses and/or streamline land use review processes by eliminating Conditional Use review. By identifying these Neighborhood Hubs and allowing more commercial uses and areas of activity, the city strives to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion.

The proposed code amendments are the result of an evaluation of the existing zoning ordinance and extensive community outreach and engagement to reduce barriers to and encourage the development of properties with small-scale commercial and civic activities in existing residential areas.

Based on the findings above, the proposed amendments are consistent with Title 7.

Title 8: Compliance Procedures

Finding: Title 8 establishes a process for ensuring compliance with requirements of the UGMFP. An amendment to the City comprehensive plan or land use regulations is deemed to comply with the UGMFP only if the City provided notice to Metro as required by section 3.07.820(a). The City of Milwaukie provided Metro a set of draft code amendments on February 6, 2024, which was more than 35 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing, held on March 12, 2024.

Based on the findings above, the proposed amendments are consistent with Title 8.

Statewide Findings for Milwaukie Plan and Code Amendments – Neighborhood Hubs

This memo summarizes the consistency of the proposed code amendments with the following statewide goals, as well as key Oregon Revised Statutes (ORSs) and Oregon Administrative Rules (OARs):

- Goal 1: Citizen Involvement
- Goal 2: Land Use Planning
- Goal 10: Housing
- Goal 9: Economic Development
- Goal 11: Public Facilities
- Goal 12: Transportation
- Goal 13: Energy
- Goal 14: Growth Management

Other Statewide Planning Goals are not directly applicable to the proposed code amendments. Goals related to agriculture and forestry do not apply to land intended for future urbanization within the urban growth boundary. Additionally, the proposed amendments do not involve land or resources designated as part of Oregon’s coastal zone.

Consistency with the applicable goals is a requirement for any amendment to a City’s land use ordinances.

Based on the findings described below, the proposed code amendments comply with the applicable Statewide Goals and associated ORS and OAR provisions.

Goal 1: Citizen Involvement

Finding: Goal 1 requires the City to employ an appropriately-scaled involvement program to ensure the opportunity for meaningful public involvement throughout the land use planning process. Goal 1 requires the City to incorporate six key components in its public involvement program:

- Citizen Involvement: An officially-recognized committee for public involvement broadly representative of geographic areas and interests related to land use and land-use decisions to provide for widespread public involvement;
- Communication: Mechanisms for effective two-way communication between the public and elected/appointed officials;
- Influence: Opportunities for the public to be involved in all phases of the planning and decision-making process including developing, evaluating, and amending plans;

- **Technical Information:** Access to technical information used in the decision-making process, provided in an accessible and understandable format;
- **Feedback Mechanisms:** Programs to ensure that members of the public receive responses from policy-makers and that a written record for land-use decisions is created and made accessible; and,
- **Financial Support:** Adequate resources allocated for the public involvement program as an integral component of the planning budget.

Following is a summary of activities undertaken by the City to support the proposed code amendments related to Neighborhood Hubs.

Community Engagement

The project team used several methods to communicate about the project, share information, and learn more about the goals for Hubs from those most interested or affected. This included:

ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION
<p>Engage Milwaukie</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1,215 page visits, 35 new EM registrations, 99 engagements • Business/Property Owner Survey • 22 stakeholder survey responses 	<p>Created and maintained a project webpage as a place for people to learn more about the project, ask questions of the team, set up the initial property owner/tenant survey, and to set the stage for the fall workshops including an online workshop.</p>
<p>Milwaukie Pilot</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published 5 project updates 	<p>Published and mailed project updates in April, May, October, November, and December 2023.</p>
<p>Milwaukie Farmers Market</p>	<p>Promoted the project at the market on 3 occasions.</p>
<p>Equity Steering Committee</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attended 3/23; Sent updates 11/22 	<p>Collected feedback on community engagement and provided a progress report on equity considerations.</p>
<p>Neighborhood District Associations (NDAs)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 79 participants in Spring meetings 	<p>Staff met with all 7 NDAs in the spring to provide a project update and learn more about the goals and desires for each of their Hubs.</p>
<p>Stakeholder interviews</p>	<p>Staff engaged property and business owners in direct interviews to identify potential partners interested in</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 18 interviews, 23 participants (9 were survey participants) 	hub development and identify current barriers. List below.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • K. Marie • Naphtali’s • NW Family Services • Sunny Corner Market • Chapel Theater • 2 Sisters Play Café • Eric’s Market 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • River Roadhouse Grill • Central Planning • Clackamas Community College • Milwaukie Floral • Milwaukie Lutheran • The Vital Element 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Milwaukie Café +Bottle Shop • Valerie Hunter (9391 SE 32nd Ave) • Paul Lisac (9250 SE 32nd Ave) • North Clackamas School District • Peter Perrin (9616 SE Stanley) • Lisa Dorn Design
<p>Fall workshops</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 123 participants – 74 in-person, 49 online. • 83% support, 10% neutral, 7% oppose 	Hosted six in-person workshops and one online to provide residents, businesses, and property owners opportunities to shape proposed code changes that can help Hubs grow. The online workshop asked about safety walking and biking. On average, very few participants opposed the proposed changes.	

Planning Commission and City Council Updates

City staff conducted two work sessions with the City’s Planning Commission and City Council to review the status of the work and solicit feedback on key issues. These meetings also were open to the public and were recorded and available for public viewing after the meetings.

The specific proposed code language was posted with a code commentary on the City’s website on February 7, 2024. Specific notice of the draft amendments and the March 12, 2024 public hearing was as follows: Measure 56 notices mailed to all affected properties; public notice mailed to all properties within 300 ft of the affected properties; and email notices were sent to all Neighborhood District Association members and stakeholders identified during the earlier engagement efforts.

An article with information about the proposed amendments and links to the draft code language was published in the March edition of the city’s monthly newsletter, which is mailed to all addresses in the city. The current version of the draft amendments have been posted on the application webpage since February 7, 2024.

Based on the findings above, the Zoning Code update is consistent with Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 1.

Goal 2: Land Use Planning

Goal 2. To establish a land use planning process and policy framework as a basis for all decision and actions related to use of land and to assure an adequate factual base for such decisions and actions.

Finding: Goal 2 requires the City to establish a land use planning process and policy framework as a basis for all decision and actions related to use of land and to assure an adequate factual base for such decisions and actions.

The proposed plan and code amendments are related directly to implementation of the city's comprehensive plan as it relates to Neighborhood Hubs (Goal 8, Policy 8.1.4).

The proposed Zoning Code update is consistent with Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 2.

Goal 9: Economic Development

Goal 9: To provide adequate opportunities throughout the state for a variety of economic activities vital to the health, welfare, and prosperity of Oregon's citizens.

Finding: Goal 9 requires the City to have a comprehensive plan and policies that "...contribute to a stable and health economy in all regions of the state." The City of Milwaukie is already in compliance with Goal 9 regarding adequate provision of commercial and industrial land. The proposed code amendments make modest changes to existing commercially-zoned properties to expand the opportunity for neighborhood-scale commercial and civic activities.

The proposed Zoning Code update is consistent with Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 9.

Goal 11: Public Facilities

Goal 11: To plan and develop a timely, orderly and efficient arrangement of public facilities and services to serve as a framework for urban and rural development.

Finding: Goal 11 requires the City to "plan and develop a timely, orderly and efficient arrangement of public facilities and services to serve as a framework for urban and rural development." The City of Milwaukie coordinates with several other local service providers to ensure timely, orderly and efficient arrangement and provision of public services to serve development within the City of Milwaukie and its planning area between the city limits and UGB. The City of Milwaukie provides planning and zoning services inside the city limits, as well as provision of water, conveyance of wastewater, transportation facilities on city-owned facilities, law enforcement, and library services. The City is already in compliance with Goal 11 and the preparation and adoption of updated specific facility master plans for water, wastewater and stormwater are underway at this time.

Goal 11 is not applicable to the proposed code amendments related to Neighborhood Hubs.

Goal 12: Transportation

Goal 12: To provide and encourage a safe, convenient and economic transportation system.

Finding: Goal 12 and the State Transportation Planning Rule (TPR; OAR 660, Division 012) require cities to provide and encourage a safe, convenient, and economic transportation system. Together, they require the City to develop and maintain a Transportation System Plan (TSP),

which must be incorporated as part of the Comprehensive Plan. A local TSP acts as a guiding policy document for long-term transportation planning and presents the City's goals and policies while outlining and prioritizing proposed improvements for pedestrian, bicycle, public transit, motor vehicle, and freight systems; downtown parking; and neighborhood traffic management.

The city was in compliance with Goal 12 prior to these code amendments and with the planned update to the TSP in 2024-2025 reflecting the proposed code amendments for Neighborhood Hubs, the proposal is consistent with Goal 12 Transportation and the Transportation Planning Rule.

Goal 13: Energy

Goal 13: To conserve energy.

Finding: Goal 13 requires that any spatial changes to future patterns of allowed land uses must conserve energy.

The city's Comprehensive Plan is already in compliance with Goal 13 and the proposed code amendments provide greater opportunities for more compact development and efficient use of land which will result in a reduction in energy consumption, including in transportation and utilities.

The proposed code amendments, related to Neighborhood Hubs, are consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 13.

Goal 14: Growth Management

Goal 14: To provide for an orderly and efficient transition from rural to urban land use, to accommodate urban population and urban employment inside urban growth boundaries, to ensure efficient use of land, and to provide for livable communities.

The entirety of the city and its Municipal Planning Area (MPA) is located within the Urban Growth Boundary (UGB). As such, the proposed amendments will not result in the transition of any land from rural to urban uses or result in population or employment growth outside of the UGB.

The proposed amendments are directly related to Neighborhood Hubs which will enhance community livability, environmental sustainability, social interaction, and multimodal connectivity and support the unique function of Milwaukie neighborhoods as the centers of daily life.

Goal 14 does not directly apply to the proposal but the amendments are consistent with Goal 14.

Underline/strikeout Amendments

TITLE 11 MISCELLANEOUS PERMITS

11.05 TEMPORARY USES, PERMITS, AND REGULATIONS

11.05.010 USES

Approval may be granted for structures or uses which are temporary or seasonal in nature, such as:

A. Seasonal sales uses on private property and on land owned by the City of Milwaukie. These activities include, but are not limited to, the sale of produce, rental of recreational equipment, provision of recreational lessons, or sale of products at a park owned by the City of Milwaukie.

B. Temporary real estate offices;

C. Construction parking;

D. Construction trailers;

E. Construction offices;

F. Shelters for warming, cooling, or hazardous air quality, subject to the Milwaukie and Clackamas Fire District Joint Policy for Temporary Emergency Shelters;

G. Outdoor dining and seating areas, on private property and where not permitted by right

H. Food carts where not permitted by right

I. Play equipment and sporting events

J. Bicycle parking, such as a bike corral or bike station

K. Other temporary uses similar to those listed above as determined by the City Manager.

Approval may be granted provided such uses are consistent with the intent of the underlying zoning district. ~~and comply with other provisions of this code~~ These activities are intended to be in use for a limited duration and shall not become a permanent part of a site. (Ord. 2198 § 2, 2021; Ord. 2168 § 2, 2019)

CHAPTER 19.100 INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

19.107 ZONING

19.107.1 Zone Classifications

For the purposes of this title, the following base zones and overlay zones are established in the City per Table 19.107.1:

Table 19.107.1 Classification of Zones	
Zone Description	Abbreviated Description
Base Zones	
Residential	R-MD
Residential	R-HD
Downtown Mixed Use	DMU
Open Space	OS
Neighborhood Commercial	C-N
Limited Commercial	C-L
General Commercial	C-G
Community Shopping Commercial	C-CS
Manufacturing	M
Business Industrial	BI
Planned Development	PD
Tacoma Station Area Mixed Use	MUTSA
General Mixed Use	GMU
North Milwaukie Employment	NME
Neighborhood Mixed Use	NMU
<u>Small Mixed Use</u>	<u>SMU</u>
Overlay Zones	
Willamette Greenway	WG
Historic Preservation	HP
Flex Space	FS
Aircraft Landing Facility	L-F

CHAPTER 19.300 BASE ZONES

19.301 MODERATE DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZONES

19.302 HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZONES

19.303 COMMERCIAL MIXED-USE ZONES

19.304 DOWNTOWN ZONES

~~19.305-NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL ZONE C-N~~ Hold for future use

~~19.306-LIMITED COMMERCIAL ZONE C-L~~ Hold for future use

19.303 COMMERCIAL MIXED-USE ZONES

19.303.1 Purpose

A. The General Mixed Use Zone is intended to recognize the importance of central Milwaukee as a primary commercial center and promote a mix of uses that will support a lively and economically robust district. It is also intended to ensure high-quality urban development that is pedestrian-friendly and complementary to the surrounding area.

B. The Neighborhood Mixed Use Zone is intended to recognize certain established areas 32nd and 42nd Avenues as neighborhood commercial centers. This zone allows for a mix of small-scale retail and services, along with residential uses, that meet the needs of nearby residents and contribute to a vibrant, local economy. It is also intended to provide a safe and pleasant pedestrian environment while maintaining a neighborhood-scale identity.

C. The Small-Scale Mixed Use Zone is intended to allow for a mix of small-scale retail and services, along with residential uses, that meet the needs of nearby residents and contribute to a vibrant, local economy. It is also intended to provide a safe and pleasant pedestrian environment while maintaining a neighborhood-scale identity. This zone supports neighborhood hubs, which are gathering places where residents have easy access to goods and services close to their homes. They are places where neighbors create meaningful relationships with each other.

19.303.2 Uses

A. Permitted Uses

Uses allowed outright in the commercial mixed-use zones are listed in Table 19.303.2 with a “P.” These uses are allowed if they comply with the development and design standards and other regulations of this title.

B. Conditional Uses

Uses listed in Table 19.303.2 as “CU” are permitted only as conditional uses in conformance with Section 19.905.

C. Nonconforming Uses, Structures, and Development

Existing structures and uses that do not meet the standards for the commercial mixed-use zones may continue in existence. Alteration or expansion of a nonconforming use, structure, or development that brings the use, structure, or development closer to compliance may be allowed through development review pursuant to Section 19.906. Alteration or expansion of a nonconforming use or structure that does not bring the use or structure closer to compliance may be allowed through a Type III variance pursuant to Section 19.911. Except where otherwise stated in this section, the provisions of Chapter 19.800 Nonconforming Uses and Development apply.

D. Prohibited Uses

Uses not listed in Table 19.303.2, and not considered accessory or similar pursuant to Subsections 19.303.2.E and G below, are prohibited. Uses listed with an “N” in Table 19.303.2 are also prohibited.

E. Accessory Uses

Uses that are accessory to a primary use are allowed if they comply with all development standards.

F. Drive-Through Uses

For the purpose of this section, drive-through uses are not considered accessory uses and must be approved through a conditional use review in the NMU Zone in conformance with Section 19.905. Drive-through facilities must also conform to Section 19.606.3.

G. Similar Uses

The Planning ~~Manager~~ Director, through a Type I review, may determine that a use that is not listed is considered similar to an example use listed in Table 19.303.2. The unlisted use shall be subject to the standards applicable to the similar example use.

Table 19.303.2				
Uses Allowed in Commercial Mixed-Use Zones				
Uses and Use Categories	GMU	NMU	<u>SMU</u>	Standards/Additional Provisions
Residential				
Single detached dwelling	N	CU	<u>CU</u>	Subsection 19.505.1 One- to Four-Unit Residential Development Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Rowhouse <u>Townhouses</u> ¹	P	CU	<u>CU</u>	Subsection 19.505.5 Rowhouses <u>Townhouses</u>
<u>Duplex, Triplex, Quadplex</u>	<u>CU</u>	<u>CU</u>	<u>CU</u>	<u>Section 19.905 Conditional Uses</u>
Multi-unit housing	P	CU	<u>CU</u>	Subsection 19.505.3 Multi-Unit Housing
Cottage cluster housing	P	CU	<u>CU</u>	Subsection 19.505.4 Cottage Cluster Housing
Mixed use ²	P	P	<u>P</u>	Subsection 19.505.7 Nonresidential Development
Live/work units	P	P	<u>P</u>	Subsection 19.505.6 Live/Work Units
Accessory dwelling units	N	CU	<u>CU</u>	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses Subsection 19.910.1 Accessory Dwelling Units
Boarding house	CU	CU	<u>CU</u>	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Commercial^{3, 4}				

Production-related office Professional and administrative office	P	P	<u>P</u>	Subsection 19.303.6.C Marijuana testing and research facilities
Drinking establishments Drinking establishments primarily involve the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption. Examples include taverns, bars, or cocktail lounges.	P	CU <u>P</u>	<u>CU</u>	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Eating establishments Eating establishments primarily involve the sale of prepared food and beverages for on-site consumption or takeout. Eating establishments may include incidental sales of alcoholic beverages. Examples include restaurants, delicatessens, retail bakeries, coffee shops, concession stands, and espresso bars.	P	P	<u>P</u>	
<u>Mobile food trucks and food carts on private property</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Indoor recreation Indoor recreation consists of facilities providing active recreational uses of a primarily indoor nature. Examples include gyms; dance studios; tennis, racquetball, and soccer centers; recreational centers; skating rinks; bowling alleys; arcades; shooting ranges; and <u>movie theaters, live theaters, and playhouses.</u>	P	P	<u>P</u>	
Retail-oriented sales	P	P	<u>P</u>	

<p>Sales-oriented retail firms are involved in the sale, leasing, and rental of new or used products to the general public.</p> <p>Examples include stores selling, leasing, or renting consumer, home, and business goods including art, art supplies, bicycles, clothing, dry goods, electronics, fabric, gifts, groceries, hardware, household products, jewelry, pets and pet products, pharmaceuticals, plants, printed materials, stationery, and printed and electronic media.</p>				
<p>Marijuana retailer</p> <p>Marijuana retailer means a state-licensed business that sells or distributes marijuana and marijuana-derived products to consumers. A marijuana retailer may sell or distribute recreational or medical marijuana.</p>	P	P	<u>N</u>	Subsection 19.303.6.A Marijuana retailers
<p>Vehicle sales and rentals⁵</p> <p>Vehicle sales and rentals means a business that sells or leases consumer vehicles, including passenger vehicles, motorcycles, light and medium trucks, boats, and other recreational vehicles.</p>	P	N	<u>N</u>	
<p>Personal/business services</p> <p>Personal/business services are involved in providing consumer services.</p> <p>Examples include hair, tanning, and spa services; pet grooming; photo and laundry drop-off; dry cleaners; and quick printing</p>	P	P	<u>P</u>	

<p>Repair-oriented</p> <p>Repair-oriented uses are establishments providing product repair of consumer and business goods.</p> <p>Examples include repair of televisions and radios, bicycles, clocks, jewelry, guns, small appliances, and office equipment; tailors and seamstresses; shoe repair; locksmiths; and upholsterers.</p>	<p>P</p>	<p>P</p>	<p><u>P</u></p>	
<p>Vehicle repair and service⁶</p> <p>Firms servicing passenger vehicles; light and medium trucks; and other consumer motor vehicles such as motorcycles, boats and recreational vehicles. Also includes quick-servicing activities, where the driver generally waits in the car before and while the service is performed.</p> <p>Examples include gas stations, quick oil change shops, car washes, vehicle repair, transmission or muffler shops, auto body shops, alignment shops, auto upholstery shop, auto detailing, and tire sales and mounting.</p>	<p>P</p>	<p>CU</p>	<p><u>N</u></p>	<p>Section 19.905 Conditional Uses</p>
<p>Day care⁷</p> <p>Day care is the provision of regular child care, with or without compensation, to 4 or more children by a person or person(s) who are not the child's parent, guardian, or person acting in place of the parent, in a facility meeting all State requirements.</p> <p>Examples include nursery schools, before- and after-school care</p>	<p>P</p>	<p>P</p>	<p><u>P</u></p>	

facilities, and child development centers.				
<p>Commercial lodging</p> <p>Commercial lodging includes for-profit residential facilities where tenancy is typically less than one month.</p> <p>Examples include hotels, motels, vacation rentals, and bed-and-breakfast establishments.</p>	P	P	<u>CU</u>	
<p><u>Automobile parking facility</u></p> <p>Parking facilities provide <u>automobile parking</u> that is not accessory to a specific use. A fee may or may not be charged. A facility that provides both accessory parking for a specific use and regular fee parking for people not connected to the use is also classified as a commercial parking facility.</p> <p>Examples include structured parking, short- and long-term fee parking facilities, commercial district shared parking lots, and commercial shuttle parking.</p>	N	CU	<u>N</u>	Section 19.611 Parking Structures
Manufacturing and Production				
<p>Manufacturing and production⁸</p> <p>Manufacturing and production uses are involved in the manufacturing, processing, fabrication, packaging, or assembly of goods. Natural, man-made, raw, secondary, or partially completed materials may be used.</p> <p>Examples include processing of food and related products; catering establishments; breweries, distilleries, and wineries; marijuana</p>	P	P	<u>P</u>	Subsection 19.509.2 Security and odor control for certain marijuana businesses

processors; weaving or production of textiles or apparel; woodworking, including cabinet makers; manufacture or assembly of machinery, equipment, instruments, including musical instruments, vehicles, appliances, precision items, and other electrical items; and production of artwork and toys. Marijuana production is prohibited.				
<u>Within the SMU, the following manufacturing and production uses are also prohibited: marijuana processing, automotive manufacture and assembly, and auto-repair shops.</u>				
Institutional				
Community service uses	CSU	CSU	<u>CSU</u>	Section 19.904 Community Service Uses
Accessory and Other				
Accessory use	P	P	<u>P</u>	Section 19.503 Accessory Uses
Home occupation	P	P	<u>P</u>	Section 19.507 Home Occupation Standards
Short-term rentals	P	P	<u>P</u>	Section 19.507 Home Occupation Standards

P = Permitted.

N = Not permitted.

CSU = Permitted with community service use approval subject to provisions of Section 19.904. Type III review required to establish a new CSU or for major modification of an existing CSU. Type I review required for a minor modification of an existing CSU.

CU = Permitted with conditional use approval subject to the provisions of Section 19.905. Type III review required to establish a new CU or for major modification of an existing CU. Type I review required for a minor modification of an existing CU.

1. The limit of 4 consecutive ~~rowhouses~~ townhouses established in 19.505.5 does not apply in the GMU Zone. In the GMU Zone, there is no limit on the number of consecutive rowhouses.

2. Residential uses built as part of a vertical mixed-use building are not subject to conditional use review in the NMU Zone.

3. In the NMU Zone, unless otherwise specified in this section, all nonresidential uses listed in Table 19.303.2 shall be no greater than 10,000 sq ft in area per use. A nonresidential use greater than 10,000 sq ft in area may be approved through a conditional use review pursuant to Section 19.905.

4. The 10,000 sq ft size limitation in Footnote 3 of Table 19.303.2 does not apply to "retail-oriented sales" uses established within the existing lot and building situated at 4320 SE King

Rd, within the lot's boundaries that exist on February 13, 2016, the effective date of Ordinance #2112. Redevelopment of the site is subject to all standards of Table 19.303.2.

5. Vehicle retail sales are permitted in the GMU Zone only when conducted within a completely enclosed building (including inventory display and storage).
6. Vehicle repair and service uses are permitted in the commercial mixed-use zones only when conducted within a completely enclosed building.
7. Day care and child care uses are limited to 5,000 sq ft.
8. Manufacturing and production uses are limited to 5,000 sq ft in floor area per use on the ground floor and are only permitted when associated with, and accessory to, a related retail-oriented sales or eating/drinking establishment use. For purposes of this subsection, manufacturing and production involve goods that are sold or distributed beyond or outside of the associated on-site eating or drinking establishment or retail trade use. For example, a brewing facility that distributes or sells its products elsewhere would be considered a manufacturing and production use, while a restaurant kitchen that prepares food that is purchased on the site would not be considered manufacturing or production.

19.303.3 Development Standards

These development standards are intended to ensure that new development in the commercial mixed-use zones is appropriate for a mixed-use district in terms of building mass and scale, how the building addresses the street, and where buildings are located on a site.

Table 19.303.3 summarizes some of the development standards that apply in the commercial mixed-use zones. Development standards are presented in detail in Subsection 19.303.4.

Table 19.303.3				
Commercial Mixed Use Zones—Summary of Development Standards				
Standard	GMU	NMU	SMU	Standards/ Additional Provisions
A. Lot Standards				
1. Minimum lot size (sq ft)	1,500	1,500	<u>1,500</u>	
2. Minimum street frontage (ft)	25	25	<u>25</u>	
B. Development Standards				
1. Minimum floor area ratio	0.5:1	0.5:1	<u>0.5:1</u>	Subsection 19.303.4.A Floor Area Ratio

2. Building height (ft) a. Base maximum b. Maximum with height bonus	45 57– 69	45 Height bonus not available	<u>35</u> <u>Height bonus not available</u>	Subsection 19.303.4.B Building Height Section 19.510 Green Building Standards Subsection 19.911.7 Building Height Variance in the General Mixed Use Zone
3. Street setbacks (ft) a. Minimum street setback b. Maximum street setback c. Side and rear setbacks	0–15 ¹ 10– 20 ² None	None 10 None	<u>10</u> <u>15</u> <u>5/10</u>	Subsection 19.303.4.C Street Setbacks Section 19.501.2 Yard Exceptions
4. Frontage occupancy	50%	None	<u>None</u>	Subsection 19.303.4.D Frontage Occupancy Requirements Figure 19.303.4.D Frontage Occupancy Requirements
5. Maximum lot coverage	85%	85%	<u>85%</u>	
6. Minimum vegetation	15%	15%	<u>15%</u>	Subsection 19.504.6 Minimum Vegetation
7. Primary building entrances	Yes	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Subsection 19.303.4.E Primary Building Entrances
8. Off-street parking required standards	Yes	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Chapter 19.600 Off-Street Parking and Loading
9. Transit street	Yes	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Subsection 19.505.8 Building Orientation to Transit
10. Transition measures	Yes	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Subsection 19.504.5 Transition Area Measures
C. Other Standards				
1. Residential density requirements (dwelling units per acre) a. Stand-alone residential (1) Minimum	 25	 11.6	 <u>7.0</u>	Subsection 19.202.4 Density Calculations Subsection 19.303.4.F Residential Density

(2) Maximum b. Mixed-use buildings	50 None	14.5 None		Subsection 19.501.4 Density Exceptions
2. Signs	Yes	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Subsection 14.16.040 Commercial Zone

1. Residential edge treatments apply to properties as shown in Figure 19.303.5.
2. Commercial edge treatments apply to properties as shown in Figure 19.303.4.C.2.b.

19.303.4 Detailed Development Standards

The following detailed development standards describe additional allowances, restrictions, and exemptions related to the development standards of Table 19.303.3.

A. Floor Area Ratio

1. Intent

The floor area ratio (FAR) is a tool for regulating the intensity of development. Minimum FARs help to ensure that the intensity of development is controlled. In some cases, FAR densities are provided for provision of a public benefit or amenity to the community.

2. Standards

- a. The minimum FAR in Table 19.303.3 applies to all nonresidential building development.
- b. Required minimum FAR shall be calculated on a project-by-project basis and may include multiple contiguous parcels. In mixed-use developments, residential floor space will be included in the calculations of FAR to determine conformance with minimum FAR.
- c. If a project is to be developed in phases, the required FAR must be met for the land area in the completed phase(s), without consideration of the land area devoted to future phases.

3. Exemptions

The following are exempt from the minimum FAR requirement:

- a. Parking facilities.
- b. Public parks and plazas.

B. Building Height

1. Intent

Maximum building height standards promote a compatible building scale and relationship of one structure to another.

2. Standards

a. The base maximum building height in the GMU Zone is ~~3 stories or 45 ft., whichever is less.~~ Height bonuses are available for buildings that meet the standards of Subsection 19.303.4.B.3.

b. Buildings in the GMU Zone shall provide a step back of at least 15 ft for any street-facing portion of the building above the base maximum height as shown in Figure 19.303.4.B.2.b.

c. The maximum building height in the NMU Zone is ~~3 stories or 45 ft., whichever is less.~~ No building height bonuses are available in the NMU Zone.

d. The maximum building height in the SMU Zone is 35 ft. No building height bonuses are available in the SMU Zone.

19.303.5 Standards for Residential Street Edges

For properties shown as having a residential edge on Figure 19.303.5, and for development that occurs adjacent to or abutting an ~~R-3 or R-5~~ residential zone, the following standards apply:

A. A minimum setback of 15 ft shall apply.

B. Along the property line adjacent to the residential zone, buildings within 50 ft of 37th Avenue and Monroe Street shall provide a step back of at least 15 ft for any portion of the building above 35 ft.

C. An additional minimum 8-ft-wide densely planted buffer is required along property lines where flex space development abuts a residential zone.

~~19.305 NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL ZONE C-N~~

~~In a C-N Zone the following regulations shall apply:~~

~~19.305.1 Uses Permitted Outright~~

~~In a C-N Zone the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted outright:~~

~~A. No uses permitted outright.~~

~~19.305.2 Conditional Uses Permitted~~

~~In a C-N Zone the following conditional uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the provisions of Section 19.905:~~

~~A. A food store not exceeding 2,500 sq ft of floor area;~~

~~B. A store providing convenience goods and services for a local area;~~

~~C. Laundry;~~

~~D. Eating establishment;~~

~~E. Any other use similar to the above and not listed elsewhere.~~

~~19.305.3 Standards~~

~~In a C-N Zone the following standards shall apply:~~

~~A. Lot size. Lot area shall be at least 5,000 sq ft but not greater than 25,000 sq ft. Lot width shall be at least 50 ft. Average lot depth shall be at least 80 ft.~~

~~B. Front yard. A front yard shall be at least 15 ft.~~

~~C. Side yard. A side yard shall be at least 5 ft, and there shall be additional 1 ft of side yard for each 3 ft of height over 2 stories or 25 ft, whichever is less, except on corner lots a side yard shall be at least 15 ft on the side abutting the street.~~

~~D. Rear yard. A rear yard shall be at least 10 ft.~~

~~E. Off-street parking and loading. As specified in Chapter 19.600.~~

~~F. Height restriction. Maximum height of a structure shall be 2.5 stories or 35 ft, whichever is less.~~

~~G.— Lot coverage. Maximum area that may be covered by the dwelling structure and accessory buildings shall not exceed 40% of the total area of the lot.~~

~~H.— Minimum vegetation. Minimum area that must be left or planted in trees, grass, shrubs, etc., shall be 20% of the total area of the lot.~~

~~I.— Screening. Neighborhood commercial uses must be screened from adjacent residential uses.~~

~~J.— Frontage requirements. Every lot shall abut a public street other than an alley for at least 35 ft.~~

~~K.— Transportation requirements and standards. As specified in Chapter 19.700.~~

~~19.305.4 Prohibited Uses~~

~~The following uses and their accessory uses are prohibited:~~

~~A.— Adult entertainment business. (Ord. 2051 § 2, 2012; Ord. 2025 § 2, 2011)~~

~~19.306 LIMITED COMMERCIAL ZONE C-L~~

~~In a C-L Zone the following regulations shall apply:~~

~~19.306.1 Uses Permitted Outright~~

~~In a C-L Zone the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted outright:~~

~~A.— Offices, studios, or clinics of accountants, architects, artists, attorneys, authors, writers, dentists, designers, engineers, investment counselors, landscape architects, management consultants, physicians, surgeons, psychologists, and others of a professional nature.~~

~~B.— Offices for administrative, editorial, educational, executive, financial, governmental, philanthropic, insurance, real estate, religious, research, testing, scientific, or statistical businesses or organizations.~~

~~C.— Retail trade establishment such as a food store, drugstore, gift shop, hardware store, selling primarily from a shelf goods inventory.~~

~~D.— Personal/business services such as a barber shop, tailor shop, or laundry and dry cleaning pickup station.~~

~~E. Eating establishments, provided the floor area does not exceed 3,250 sq ft and the use does not include drive-through facilities.~~

~~F. Marijuana retailer subject to the standards of Subsection 19.509.1.~~

~~G. Bed and breakfast.~~

~~H. Vacation rental.~~

~~I. Short-term rental when associated with a legally permitted dwelling unit.~~

~~J. Any other use similar to the above and not listed elsewhere.~~

~~19.306.2 Conditional Uses and Community Service Uses Permitted~~

~~A. In a C-L Zone the following conditional uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the provisions of Section 19.905:~~

~~1. Funeral home;~~

~~2. Marina and boat sales;~~

~~3. Parking facility;~~

~~4. Repair, maintenance, or service of the type of goods to be found in any permitted retail trade establishment;~~

~~5. Financial institution;~~

~~6. Trade or commercial school;~~

~~7. Single unit detached dwelling;~~

~~8. Agricultural or horticultural use, provided that poultry or livestock other than usual household pets are not housed or kept within 100 ft of any dwelling not on the same lot, nor on a lot less than one acre, nor having less than 10,000 sq ft per head of livestock. Marijuana production is not permitted as an agricultural use;~~

~~9. Middle housing or multi-unit housing;~~

~~10. Adult foster/care home;~~

~~-~~

~~11. High-impact commercial, except adult entertainment businesses;~~

~~12. Hotels and motels;~~

~~13. Eating establishments that exceed 3,250 sq ft in floor area;~~

~~14. Any other use similar to the above and not listed elsewhere.~~

~~B. In a C-L Zone the following community service uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the provisions of Section 19.904:~~

~~1. Residential care facility.~~

~~19.306.3 Standards~~

~~In a C-L Zone the following standards shall apply:~~

~~A. Lot size. None, except as follows for dwelling. Lot area shall be at least 5,000 sq ft. Lot area for the first dwelling unit shall be at least 5,000 sq ft and for dwelling units over 1 there shall be not less than an average of 1,000 sq ft. Lot width shall be at least 50 ft. Lot depth shall be at least 80 ft.~~

~~B. Front yard. None, except as provided in Subsections 19.306.3.E and 19.501.2.A.~~

~~C. Side yard. None, except as provided in Subsections 19.306.3.E and 19.501.2.A.~~

~~D. Rear yard. None, except as provided in Subsections 19.306.3.E and 19.501.2.A.~~

~~E. Transition area. A transition area shall be maintained according to Subsection 19.504.6.~~

~~F. Frontage requirements. Every lot shall abut a public street other than an alley for at least 35 ft except as permitted under the Land Division Ordinance.~~

~~G. Off-street parking and loading. As specified in Chapter 19.600.~~

~~H. Height restriction. Maximum height of any structure shall be 3 stories or 45 ft, whichever is less.~~

~~I. Open use. A use not contained within an enclosed building, such as open storage, abutting or facing a residential zone, shall be screened with a sight-obscuring fence not less than 6 ft high.~~

~~J. Minimum vegetation. Minimum area that must be left or planted in trees, grass, shrubs, barkdust for planting beds, etc., shall be 15% of the total area of the lot.~~

~~K. Transportation requirements and standards. As specified in Chapter 19.700.~~

~~L. Offices for marijuana research or testing shall be subject to the security and odor control standards of Subsection 19.509.2.~~

~~19.306.4 Prohibited Uses~~

~~The following uses and their accessory uses are prohibited:~~

~~A. Adult entertainment businesses. (Ord. 2224 § 2, 2022; Ord. 2168 § 2, 2019; Ord. 2140 § 2, 2017; Ord. 2134 § 2, 2016; Ord. 2120 § 2, 2016; Ord. 2094 § 2, 2015; Ord. 2089 § 2, 2015; Ord. 2051 § 2, 2012; Ord. 2025 § 2, 2011)~~

19.505.4 Cottage Cluster Housing

C. Development Standards

The standards listed below in Table 19.505.4.C.1 are the applicable development and design standards for cottage cluster housing. Additional design standards are provided in Subsection 19.505.1.

Table 19.505.4.C.1 Cottage Cluster Development Standards		
Standards	R-MD	R-HD, GMU, NMU, SMU

CHAPTER 19.1100 ANNEXATIONS AND BOUNDARY CHANGES

19.1104 EXPEDITED PROCESS

19.1104.1 Administration and Approval Process

E. The City zoning and Comprehensive Plan designation for an expedited annexation request shall be automatically applied based on the existing Clackamas County zoning designation in accordance with Table 19.1104.1.E, provided below:

Table 19.1104.1.E Zoning and Land Use Designations for Boundary Changes		
County Zoning Designation	Assigned City Zoning Designation	Assigned Comprehensive Plan Land Use Designation
MR2	R-HD	High density residential
PMD	R-HD	High density residential

HDR	R-HD	High density residential
SHD	R-HD	High density residential
C3	C-G	Commercial
OC	C-L NMU	Commercial
RTL	C-L NMU	Commercial
PC	C-CS	Commercial
LI	BI	Industrial
GI	M	Industrial
BP	BI	Industrial
OSM	R-MD/CSU	Public

**TITLE 14
SIGNS**

CHAPTER 14.16 Sign Districts

14.16.030 ~~NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL~~ SMALL-SCALE MIXED USE ZONE

No sign shall be installed or maintained in a ~~C-N~~ SMU Zone, except as allowed under Section 14.12.010 Exempted Signs, or as otherwise noted in Table 14.16.030.

Table 14.16.030 Standards for Signs in Neighborhood Commercial Zones C-N <u>Small-Scale Mixed Use Zone SMU</u>				
Sign Type	Area	Height	Number	Illumination¹
Freestanding signs	1.5 SF per lineal ft. of street frontage, not exceeding 40 SF per display surface and 80 SF overall.	May not project over the top of a building or max. 20 ft., whichever is less.	1 permitted. ²	External only
Wall signs ²	Max. 20% of building face. ³	Cannot extend above roofline or top of a parapet wall, whichever is higher.	Dictated by area requirements. ⁴	External only
Awning signs	Max. 25% of surface of	No higher than the point where	1 per frontage per occupancy.	External only

	awning, not to exceed 20% of building face.	the roofline intersects the exterior wall.		
Hanging sign suspended beneath awning or other portion of the building	Max. 1 SF per 1 lineal ft. of awning length.	Min. clearance 8 ft. from ground level to the lowest portion of awning or suspended sign.	1 hanging sign per awning.	External only
Projecting sign	Max. 20% of face of building to which the sign is attached ⁵ .	Min. clearance 8 ft. from ground level to the lowest portion of projecting sign.	1 projecting sign per building face	External only
Daily display signs ⁶	Max. 8 SF per display surface and 16 SF overall.	Max. 6 ft. above ground level.	1 per property or occupancy.	External only

¹ Par spot or reflective-type bulbs may be used for indirect illumination of the display surface if properly shielded from direct glare onto streets. Sign illumination must be directed away from, and not be reflected upon, adjacent premises. See Section 14.24.020.

² ~~In addition to one wall sign.~~

² Location: limited to the building surface or surfaces facing the public right-of-way.

³ In addition to the sign size limitations of this chapter, if an original art mural permitted under Title 20 occupies a wall where a wall sign has been proposed, the size of the wall sign will be limited such that the total area of the original art mural plus the area of the wall sign does not exceed the maximum allowed.

⁴ Wall signs are permitted in addition to one freestanding sign.

⁵ If a projecting sign is located on the same building face as a wall sign, the total of all sign surfaces must not exceed 20% of the face of the building.

⁶ Must not be located within required landscaped area, and is only allowed within the public right-of-way subject to the standards of Section 14.20.040.

⁷ Existing freestanding or roof signs in the SMU zone established prior to XXX, 2024, the effective date of Ordinance XXX, are allowed to remain and may be re-faced and/or repaired, so long as the size or height of the sign does not increase.

(Ord. 2078 § 2 (Exh. B), 2014; Ord. 2001 § 2, 2009; Ord. 1965 §§ 2, 3, 2006; Ord. 1733 § 1(1) (Exh. A), 1993)

14.16.040 COMMERCIAL ZONES

No sign shall be installed or maintained in the C-L, C-CS, NMU, and GMU Zones, except as allowed under Section 14.12.010 Exempted Signs, or as otherwise noted in Table 14.16.040.

Table 14.16.040 Standards for Signs in Commercial Zones C-L, C-CS, NMU, and GMU					
Sign Type	Area	Height	Location	Number	Illumination¹
Freestanding signs	1.5 sq ft per lineal ft. of street frontage and 1 additional sq ft per each lineal ft. of frontage over 100 ft ²	Max. 25 ft from ground level, 14 ft min. clearance below lowest portion of a sign in any driveway or parking area.	Not permitted on any portion of a street, sidewalk, or public right-of-way. ³	1 multifaced sign per street frontage. ⁴	Permitted
Wall signs	Max. 20% of building face. ⁵	Not above roofline or top of parapet wall, whichever is higher.	NA.	No limit.	Permitted

Clean Amendments**TITLE 11 MISCELLANEOUS PERMITS****11.05 TEMPORARY USES, PERMITS, AND REGULATIONS****11.05.010 USES**

Approval may be granted for structures or uses which are temporary or seasonal in nature, such as:

- A. Seasonal sales uses on private property and on land owned by the City of Milwaukie. These activities include, but are not limited to, the sale of produce, rental of recreational equipment, provision of recreational lessons, or sale of products at a park owned by the City of Milwaukie.
- B. Temporary real estate offices;
- C. Construction parking;
- D. Construction trailers;
- E. Construction offices;
- F. Shelters for warming, cooling, or hazardous air quality, subject to the Milwaukie and Clackamas Fire District Joint Policy for Temporary Emergency Shelters;
- G. Outdoor dining and seating areas, on private property and where not permitted by right
- H. Food carts where not permitted by right
- I. Play equipment and sporting events
- J. Bicycle parking, such as a bike corral or bike station
- K. Other temporary uses similar to those listed above as determined by the City Manager.

Approval may be granted provided such uses are consistent with the intent of the underlying zoning district. These activities are intended to be in use for a limited duration and shall not become a permanent part of a site. (Ord. 2198 § 2, 2021; Ord. 2168 § 2, 2019)

CHAPTER 19.100 INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

19.107 ZONING

19.107.1 Zone Classifications

For the purposes of this title, the following base zones and overlay zones are established in the City per Table 19.107.1:

Table 19.107.1 Classification of Zones	
Zone Description	Abbreviated Description
Base Zones	
Residential	R-MD
Residential	R-HD
Downtown Mixed Use	DMU
Open Space	OS
General Commercial	C-G
Community Shopping Commercial	C-CS
Manufacturing	M
Business Industrial	BI
Planned Development	PD
Tacoma Station Area Mixed Use	MUTSA
General Mixed Use	GMU
North Milwaukie Employment	NME
Neighborhood Mixed Use	NMU
Small Mixed Use	SMU
Overlay Zones	
Willamette Greenway	WG
Historic Preservation	HP
Flex Space	FS
Aircraft Landing Facility	L-F

CHAPTER 19.300 BASE ZONES

19.301 MODERATE DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZONES

19.302 HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZONES

19.303 COMMERCIAL MIXED-USE ZONES

19.304 DOWNTOWN ZONES

19.305 Hold for future use

19.306 Hold for future use

19.303 COMMERCIAL MIXED-USE ZONES

19.303.1 Purpose

A. The General Mixed Use Zone is intended to recognize the importance of central Milwaukee as a primary commercial center and promote a mix of uses that will support a lively and economically robust district. It is also intended to ensure high-quality urban development that is pedestrian-friendly and complementary to the surrounding area.

B. The Neighborhood Mixed Use Zone is intended to recognize certain established areas as neighborhood commercial centers. This zone allows for a mix of small-scale retail and services, along with residential uses, that meet the needs of nearby residents and contribute to a vibrant, local economy. It is also intended to provide a safe and pleasant pedestrian environment while maintaining a neighborhood-scale identity.

C. The Small-Scale Mixed Use Zone is intended to allow for a mix of small-scale retail and services, along with residential uses, that meet the needs of nearby residents and contribute to a vibrant, local economy. It is also intended to provide a safe and pleasant pedestrian environment while maintaining a neighborhood-scale identity. This zone supports neighborhood hubs, which are gathering places where residents have easy access to goods and services close to their homes. They are places where neighbors create meaningful relationships with each other.

19.303.2 Uses

A. Permitted Uses

Uses allowed outright in the commercial mixed-use zones are listed in Table 19.303.2 with a "P." These uses are allowed if they comply with the development and design standards and other regulations of this title.

B. Conditional Uses

Uses listed in Table 19.303.2 as "CU" are permitted only as conditional uses in conformance with Section 19.905.

C. Nonconforming Uses, Structures, and Development

Existing structures and uses that do not meet the standards for the commercial mixed-use zones may continue in existence. Alteration or expansion of a nonconforming use, structure, or development that brings the use, structure, or development closer to compliance may be allowed through development review pursuant to Section 19.906. Alteration or expansion of a nonconforming use or structure that does not bring the use or structure closer to compliance may be allowed through a Type III variance pursuant to Section 19.911. Except where otherwise stated in this section, the provisions of Chapter 19.800 Nonconforming Uses and Development apply.

D. Prohibited Uses

Uses not listed in Table 19.303.2, and not considered accessory or similar pursuant to Subsections 19.303.2.E and G below, are prohibited. Uses listed with an “N” in Table 19.303.2 are also prohibited.

E. Accessory Uses

Uses that are accessory to a primary use are allowed if they comply with all development standards.

F. Drive-Through Uses

For the purpose of this section, drive-through uses are not considered accessory uses and must be approved through a conditional use review in the NMU Zone in conformance with Section 19.905. Drive-through facilities must also conform to Section 19.606.3.

G. Similar Uses

The Planning Manager, through a Type I review, may determine that a use that is not listed is considered similar to an example use listed in Table 19.303.2. The unlisted use shall be subject to the standards applicable to the similar example use.

Table 19.303.2				
Uses Allowed in Commercial Mixed-Use Zones				
Uses and Use Categories	GMU	NMU	SMU	Standards/Additional Provisions
Residential				
Single detached dwelling	N	CU	CU	Subsection 19.505.1 One- to Four-Unit Residential Development Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Townhouse ¹	P	CU	CU	Subsection 19.505.5 Townhouses
Duplex, Triplex, Quadplex	CU	CU	CU	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Multi-unit housing	P	CU	CU	Subsection 19.505.3 Multi-Unit Housing
Cottage cluster housing	P	CU	CU	Subsection 19.505.4 Cottage Cluster Housing
Mixed use ²	P	P	P	Subsection 19.505.7 Nonresidential Development
Live/work units	P	P	P	Subsection 19.505.6 Live/Work Units
Accessory dwelling units	N	CU	CU	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses Subsection 19.910.1 Accessory Dwelling Units
Boarding house	CU	CU	CU	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Commercial^{3, 4}				
Production-related office Professional and administrative office	P	P	P	Subsection 19.303.6.C Marijuana testing and research facilities
Drinking establishments Drinking establishments primarily involve the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption. Examples include taverns, bars, or cocktail lounges.	P	P	CU	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses
Eating establishments	P	P	P	

<p>Eating establishments primarily involve the sale of prepared food and beverages for on-site consumption or takeout. Eating establishments may include incidental sales of alcoholic beverages.</p> <p>Examples include restaurants, delicatessens, retail bakeries, coffee shops, concession stands, and espresso bars.</p>				
<p>Mobile food trucks and food carts on private property</p>	P	P	P	
<p>Indoor recreation</p> <p>Indoor recreation consists of facilities providing active recreational uses of a primarily indoor nature.</p> <p>Examples include gyms; dance studios; tennis, racquetball, and soccer centers; recreational centers; skating rinks; bowling alleys; arcades; shooting ranges; movie theaters, live theaters, and playhouses.</p>	P	P	P	
<p>Retail-oriented sales</p> <p>Sales-oriented retail firms are involved in the sale, leasing, and rental of new or used products to the general public.</p> <p>Examples include stores selling, leasing, or renting consumer, home, and business goods including art, art supplies, bicycles, clothing, dry goods, electronics, fabric, gifts, groceries, hardware, household products, jewelry, pets and pet products, pharmaceuticals, plants, printed materials, stationery, and printed and electronic media.</p>	P	P	P	

<p>Marijuana retailer</p> <p>Marijuana retailer means a state-licensed business that sells or distributes marijuana and marijuana-derived products to consumers. A marijuana retailer may sell or distribute recreational or medical marijuana.</p>	P	P	N	Subsection 19.303.6.A Marijuana retailers
<p>Vehicle sales and rentals⁵</p> <p>Vehicle sales and rentals means a business that sells or leases consumer vehicles, including passenger vehicles, motorcycles, light and medium trucks, boats, and other recreational vehicles.</p>	P	N	N	
<p>Personal/business services</p> <p>Personal/business services are involved in providing consumer services.</p> <p>Examples include hair, tanning, and spa services; pet grooming; photo and laundry drop-off; dry cleaners; and quick printing</p>	P	P	P	
<p>Repair-oriented</p> <p>Repair-oriented uses are establishments providing product repair of consumer and business goods.</p> <p>Examples include repair of televisions and radios, bicycles, clocks, jewelry, guns, small appliances, and office equipment; tailors and seamstresses; shoe repair; locksmiths; and upholsterers.</p>	P	P	P	
<p>Vehicle repair and service⁶</p>	P	CU	N	Section 19.905 Conditional Uses

<p>Firms servicing passenger vehicles; light and medium trucks; and other consumer motor vehicles such as motorcycles, boats and recreational vehicles. Also includes quick-servicing activities, where the driver generally waits in the car before and while the service is performed.</p> <p>Examples include gas stations, quick oil change shops, car washes, vehicle repair, transmission or muffler shops, auto body shops, alignment shops, auto upholstery shop, auto detailing, and tire sales and mounting.</p>				
<p>Day care⁷</p> <p>Day care is the provision of regular child care, with or without compensation, to 4 or more children by a person or person(s) who are not the child's parent, guardian, or person acting in place of the parent, in a facility meeting all State requirements.</p> <p>Examples include nursery schools, before- and after-school care facilities, and child development centers.</p>	P	P	P	
<p>Commercial lodging</p> <p>Commercial lodging includes for-profit residential facilities where tenancy is typically less than one month.</p> <p>Examples include hotels, motels, vacation rentals, and bed-and-breakfast establishments.</p>	P	P	CU	
<p>Automobile parking facility</p> <p>Parking facilities provide automobile parking that is not</p>	N	CU	N	Section 19.611 Parking Structures

<p>accessory to a specific use. A fee may or may not be charged. A facility that provides both accessory parking for a specific use and regular fee parking for people not connected to the use is also classified as a commercial parking facility.</p> <p>Examples include structured parking, short- and long-term fee parking facilities, commercial district shared parking lots, and commercial shuttle parking.</p>				
<p>Manufacturing and Production</p>				
<p>Manufacturing and production⁸</p> <p>Manufacturing and production uses are involved in the manufacturing, processing, fabrication, packaging, or assembly of goods. Natural, man-made, raw, secondary, or partially completed materials may be used.</p> <p>Examples include processing of food and related products; catering establishments; breweries, distilleries, and wineries; marijuana processors; weaving or production of textiles or apparel; woodworking, including cabinet makers; manufacture or assembly of machinery, equipment, instruments, including musical instruments, vehicles, appliances, precision items, and other electrical items; and production of artwork and toys. Marijuana production is prohibited.</p> <p>Within the SMU, the following manufacturing and production uses are also prohibited: marijuana processing, automotive manufacture and assembly, and auto-repair shops.</p>	<p>P</p>	<p>P</p>	<p>P</p>	<p>Subsection 19.509.2 Security and odor control for certain marijuana businesses</p>

Institutional				
Community service uses	CSU	CSU	CSU	Section 19.904 Community Service Uses
Accessory and Other				
Accessory use	P	P	P	Section 19.503 Accessory Uses
Home occupation	P	P	P	Section 19.507 Home Occupation Standards
Short-term rentals	P	P	P	Section 19.507 Home Occupation Standards

P = Permitted.

N = Not permitted.

CSU = Permitted with community service use approval subject to provisions of Section 19.904. Type III review required to establish a new CSU or for major modification of an existing CSU. Type I review required for a minor modification of an existing CSU.

CU = Permitted with conditional use approval subject to the provisions of Section 19.905. Type III review required to establish a new CU or for major modification of an existing CU. Type I review required for a minor modification of an existing CU.

1. The limit of 4 consecutive townhouses established in 19.505.5 does not apply in the GMU Zone. In the GMU Zone, there is no limit on the number of consecutive rowhouses.

2. Residential uses built as part of a vertical mixed-use building are not subject to conditional use review in the NMU Zone.

3. In the NMU Zone, unless otherwise specified in this section, all nonresidential uses listed in Table 19.303.2 shall be no greater than 10,000 sq ft in area per use. A nonresidential use greater than 10,000 sq ft in area may be approved through a conditional use review pursuant to Section 19.905.

4. The 10,000 sq ft size limitation in Footnote 3 of Table 19.303.2 does not apply to "retail-oriented sales" uses established within the existing lot and building situated at 4320 SE King Rd, within the lot's boundaries that exist on February 13, 2016, the effective date of Ordinance #2112. Redevelopment of the site is subject to all standards of Table 19.303.2.

5. Vehicle retail sales are permitted in the GMU Zone only when conducted within a completely enclosed building (including inventory display and storage).

6. Vehicle repair and service uses are permitted in the commercial mixed-use zones only when conducted within a completely enclosed building.

7. Day care and child care uses are limited to 5,000 sq ft.

8. Manufacturing and production uses are limited to 5,000 sq ft in floor area per use on the ground floor and are only permitted when associated with, and accessory to, a related retail-oriented sales or eating/drinking establishment use. For purposes of this subsection, manufacturing and production involve goods that are sold or distributed beyond or outside of the associated on-site eating or drinking establishment or retail trade use. For example, a brewing facility that distributes or sells its products elsewhere would be considered a manufacturing and production use, while a restaurant kitchen that prepares food that is purchased on the site would not be considered manufacturing or production.

19.303.3 Development Standards

These development standards are intended to ensure that new development in the commercial mixed-use zones is appropriate for a mixed-use district in terms of building mass and scale, how the building addresses the street, and where buildings are located on a site.

Table 19.303.3 summarizes some of the development standards that apply in the commercial mixed-use zones. Development standards are presented in detail in Subsection 19.303.4.

Table 19.303.3				
Commercial Mixed Use Zones—Summary of Development Standards				
Standard	GMU	NMU	SMU	Standards/ Additional Provisions
A. Lot Standards				
1. Minimum lot size (sq ft)	1,500	1,500	1,500	
2. Minimum street frontage (ft)	25	25	25	
B. Development Standards				
1. Minimum floor area ratio	0.5:1	0.5:1	0.5:1	Subsection 19.303.4.A Floor Area Ratio
2. Building height (ft)				Subsection 19.303.4.B Building Height
a. Base maximum	45	45	35	Section 19.510 Green Building Standards
b. Maximum with height bonus	57–69	Height bonus not available	Height bonus not available	Subsection 19.911.7 Building Height Variance in the General Mixed Use Zone
3. Street setbacks (ft)				Subsection 19.303.4.C Street Setbacks
a. Minimum street setback	0–15 ¹	None	10	Section 19.501.2 Yard Exceptions
b. Maximum street setback	10–20 ²	10	15	
c. Side and rear setbacks	None	None	5/10	
4. Frontage occupancy	50%	None	None	Subsection 19.303.4.D Frontage Occupancy Requirements

				Figure 19.303.4.D Frontage Occupancy Requirements
5. Maximum lot coverage	85%	85%	85%	
6. Minimum vegetation	15%	15%	15%	Subsection 19.504.6 Minimum Vegetation
7. Primary building entrances	Yes	Yes	Yes	Subsection 19.303.4.E Primary Building Entrances
8. Off-street parking required standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Chapter 19.600 Off-Street Parking and Loading
9. Transit street	Yes	Yes	Yes	Subsection 19.505.8 Building Orientation to Transit
10. Transition measures	Yes	Yes	Yes	Subsection 19.504.5 Transition Area Measures
C. Other Standards				
1. Residential density requirements (dwelling units per acre)				Subsection 19.202.4 Density Calculations
a. Stand-alone residential				Subsection 19.303.4.F Residential Density
(1) Minimum	25	11.6	7.0	Subsection 19.501.4 Density Exceptions
(2) Maximum	50	14.5		
b. Mixed-use buildings	None	None		
2. Signs	Yes	Yes	Yes	Subsection 14.16.040 Commercial Zone

1. Residential edge treatments apply to properties as shown in Figure 19.303.5.

2. Commercial edge treatments apply to properties as shown in Figure 19.303.4.C.2.b.

19.303.4 Detailed Development Standards

The following detailed development standards describe additional allowances, restrictions, and exemptions related to the development standards of Table 19.303.3.

A. Floor Area Ratio

1. Intent

The floor area ratio (FAR) is a tool for regulating the intensity of development. Minimum FARs help to ensure that the intensity of development is controlled. In some cases, FAR densities are provided for provision of a public benefit or amenity to the community.

2. Standards

- a. The minimum FAR in Table 19.303.3 applies to all nonresidential building development.
- b. Required minimum FAR shall be calculated on a project-by-project basis and may include multiple contiguous parcels. In mixed-use developments, residential floor space will be included in the calculations of FAR to determine conformance with minimum FAR.
- c. If a project is to be developed in phases, the required FAR must be met for the land area in the completed phase(s), without consideration of the land area devoted to future phases.

3. Exemptions

The following are exempt from the minimum FAR requirement:

- a. Parking facilities.
- b. Public parks and plazas.

B. Building Height

1. Intent

Maximum building height standards promote a compatible building scale and relationship of one structure to another.

2. Standards

- a. The base maximum building height in the GMU Zone is 45 ft. Height bonuses are available for buildings that meet the standards of Subsection 19.303.4.B.3.
- b. Buildings in the GMU Zone shall provide a step back of at least 15 ft for any street-facing portion of the building above the base maximum height as shown in Figure 19.303.4.B.2.b.
- c. The maximum building height in the NMU Zone is 45 ft. No building height bonuses are available in the NMU Zone.
- d. The maximum building height in the SMU Zone is 35 ft. No building height bonuses are available in the SMU Zone.

19.303.5 Standards for Residential Street Edges

For properties shown as having a residential edge on Figure 19.303.5, and for development that occurs adjacent to or abutting a residential zone, the following standards apply:

- A. A minimum setback of 15 ft shall apply.
 - B. Along the property line adjacent to the residential zone, buildings within 50 ft of 37th Avenue and Monroe Street shall provide a step back of at least 15 ft for any portion of the building above 35 ft.
 - C. An additional minimum 8-ft-wide densely planted buffer is required along property lines where flex space development abuts a residential zone.
-

19.505.4 Cottage Cluster Housing

C. Development Standards

The standards listed below in Table 19.505.4.C.1 are the applicable development and design standards for cottage cluster housing. Additional design standards are provided in Subsection 19.505.1.

Table 19.505.4.C.1 Cottage Cluster Development Standards		
Standards	R-MD	R-HD, GMU, NMU, SMU

CHAPTER 19.1100 ANNEXATIONS AND BOUNDARY CHANGES

19.1104 EXPEDITED PROCESS

19.1104.1 Administration and Approval Process

E. The City zoning and Comprehensive Plan designation for an expedited annexation request shall be automatically applied based on the existing Clackamas County zoning designation in accordance with Table 19.1104.1.E, provided below:

Table 19.1104.1.E Zoning and Land Use Designations for Boundary Changes		
County Zoning Designation	Assigned City Zoning Designation	Assigned Comprehensive Plan Land Use Designation
MR2	R-HD	High density residential
PMD	R-HD	High density residential
HDR	R-HD	High density residential
SHD	R-HD	High density residential
C3	C-G	Commercial
OC	NMU	Commercial
RTL	NMU	Commercial
PC	C-CS	Commercial
LI	BI	Industrial
GI	M	Industrial
BP	BI	Industrial

OSM	R-MD/CSU	Public
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**TITLE 14
SIGNS**

CHAPTER 14.16 Sign Districts

14.16.030 SMALL-SCALE MIXED USE ZONE

No sign shall be installed or maintained in a G-N SMU Zone, except as allowed under Section 14.12.010 Exempted Signs, or as otherwise noted in Table 14.16.030.

Table 14.16.030 Standards for Signs in Small-Scale Mixed Use Zone SMU				
Sign Type	Area	Height	Number	Illumination¹
Wall signs ²	Max. 20% of building face. ³	Cannot extend above roofline or top of a parapet wall, whichever is higher.	Dictated by area requirements. ⁴	External only
Awning signs	Max. 25% of surface of awning, not to exceed 20% of building face.	No higher than the point where the roofline intersects the exterior wall.	1 per frontage per occupancy.	External only
Hanging sign suspended beneath awning or other portion of the building	Max. 1 SF per 1 lineal ft. of awning length.	Min. clearance 8 ft. from ground level to the lowest portion of awning or suspended sign.	1 hanging sign per awning.	External only
Projecting sign	Max. 20% of face of building to which the sign is attached ⁵ .	Min. clearance 8 ft. from ground level to the lowest portion of projecting sign.	1 projecting sign per building face	External only
Daily display signs ⁶	Max. 8 SF per display surface and 16 SF overall.	Max. 6 ft. above ground level.	1 per property or occupancy.	External only

¹ Par spot or reflective-type bulbs may be used for indirect illumination of the display surface if properly shielded from direct glare onto streets. Sign illumination must be directed away from, and not be reflected upon, adjacent premises. See Section 14.24.020.

² Location: limited to the building surface or surfaces facing the public right-of-way.

³ In addition to the sign size limitations of this chapter, if an original art mural permitted under Title 20 occupies a wall where a wall sign has been proposed, the size of the wall sign will be limited such that the total area of the original art mural plus the area of the wall sign does not exceed the maximum allowed.

⁴ Wall signs are permitted in addition to one freestanding sign.

⁵ If a projecting sign is located on the same building face as a wall sign, the total of all sign surfaces must not exceed 20% of the face of the building.

⁶ Must not be located within required landscaped area, and is only allowed within the public right-of-way subject to the standards of Section 14.20.040.

⁷ Existing freestanding or roof signs in the SMU zone established prior to XXX, 2024, the effective date of Ordinance XXX, are allowed to remain and may be re-faced and/or repaired, so long as the size or height of the sign does not increase.

(Ord. 2078 § 2 (Exh. B), 2014; Ord. 2001 § 2, 2009; Ord. 1965 §§ 2, 3, 2006; Ord. 1733 § 1(1) (Exh. A), 1993)

14.16.040 COMMERCIAL ZONES

No sign shall be installed or maintained in the C-L, C-CS, NMU, and GMU Zones, except as allowed under Section 14.12.010 Exempted Signs, or as otherwise noted in Table 14.16.040.

Table 14.16.040 Standards for Signs in Commercial Zones C-CS, NMU, and GMU					
Sign Type	Area	Height	Location	Number	Illumination ¹
Freestanding signs	1.5 sq ft per lineal ft. of street frontage and 1 additional sq ft per each lineal ft. of frontage over 100 ft ²	Max. 25 ft from ground level, 14 ft min. clearance below lowest portion of a sign in any driveway or parking area.	Not permitted on any portion of a street, sidewalk, or public right-of-way. ³	1 multifaced sign per street frontage. ⁴	Permitted

Wall signs	Max. 20% of building face. ⁵	Not above roofline or top of parapet wall, whichever is higher.	NA.	No limit.	Permitted
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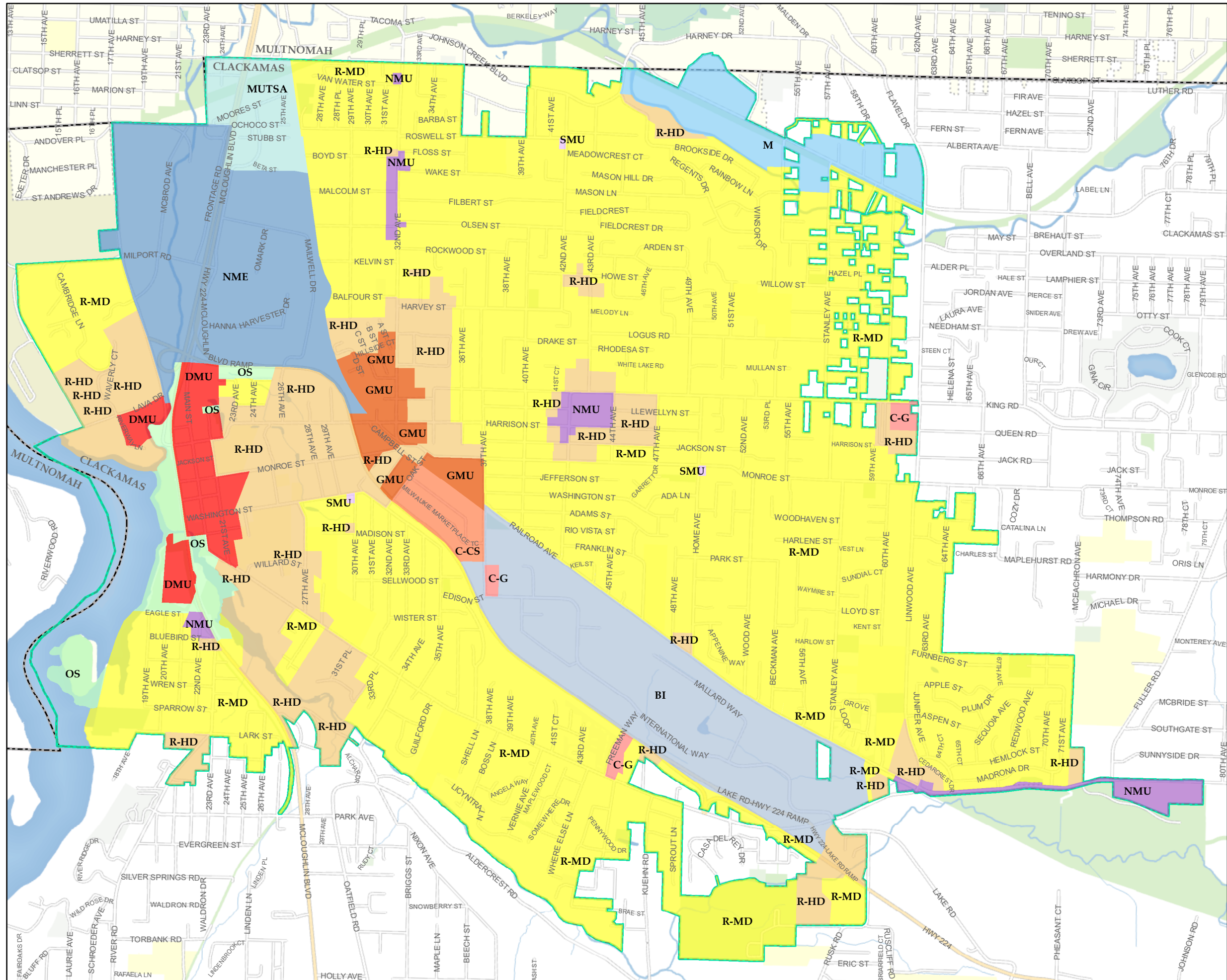


Exhibit D

CITY OF MILWAUKIE

Proposed Milwaukie Zoning

- MUTSA
- BI
- GMU
- C-CS
- DMU
- C-G
- NMU
- SMU
- OS
- M
- NME
- R-MD
- R-HD
- City of Milwaukie
- County Boundary



Data Sources: City of Milwaukie GIS, Clackamas County GIS, Metro Data Resource Center
 Date: Monday, June 24, 2024

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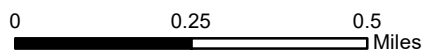


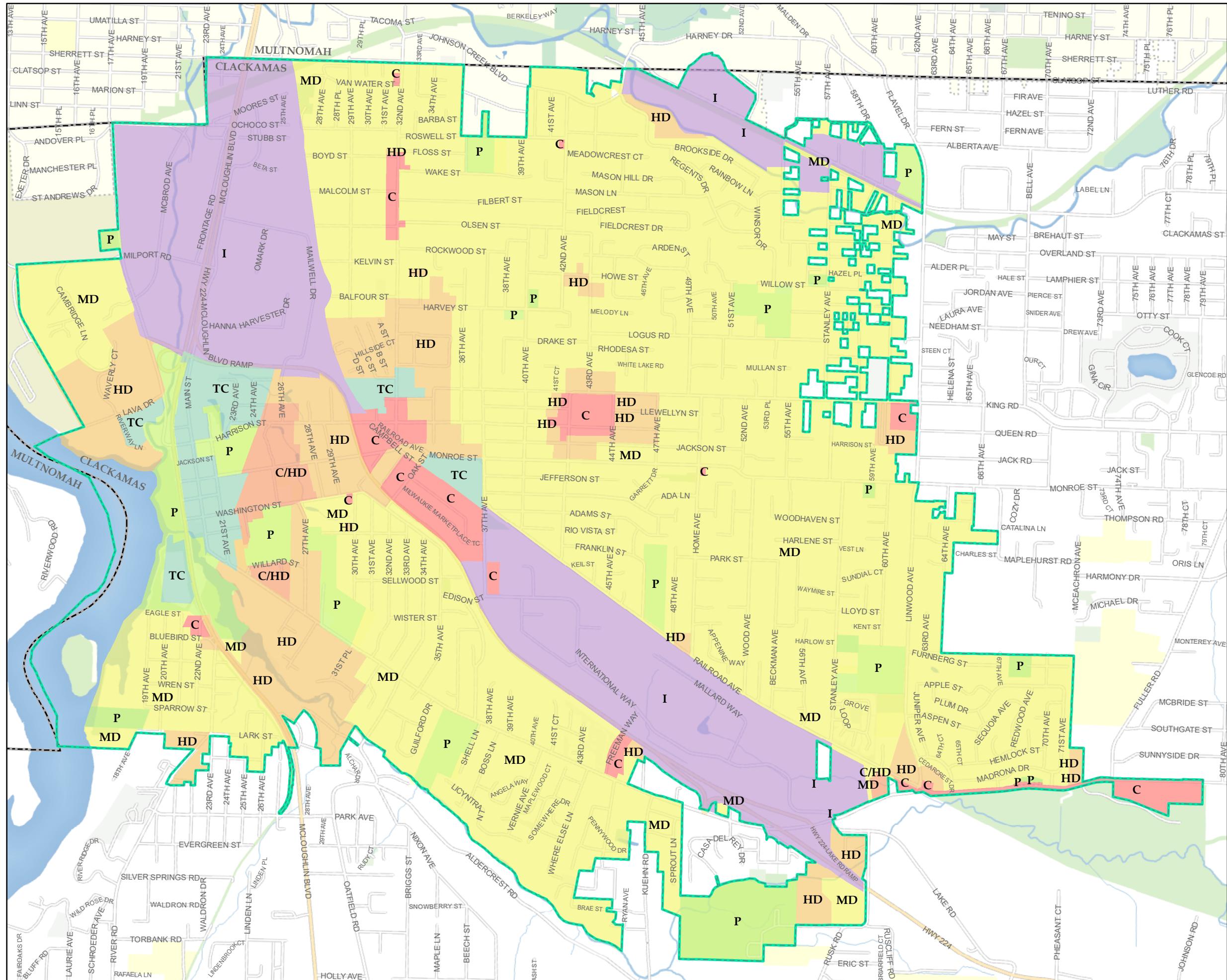


Exhibit E

CITY OF MILWAUKIE

Proposed Milwaukie Comprehensive Plan

- C
- C/HD
- HD
- I
- MD
- P
- TC
- City of Milwaukie
- County Boundary



Data Sources: City of Milwaukie GIS, Clackamas County GIS, Metro Data Resource Center

Date: Monday, June 24, 2024

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